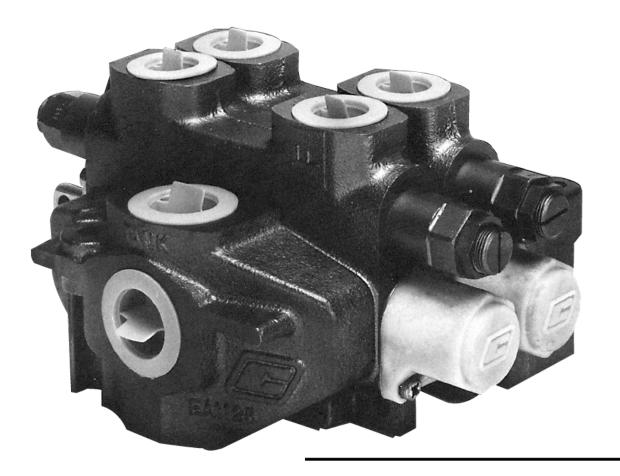


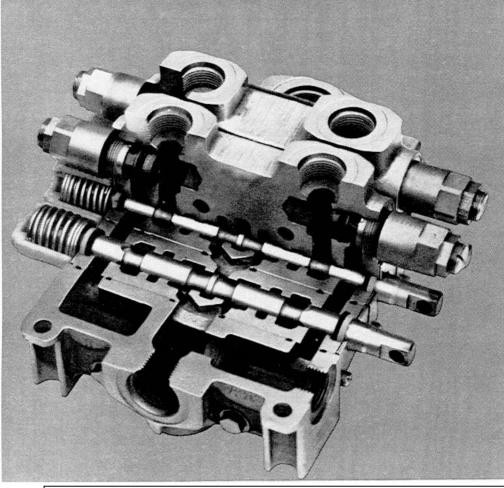
Bulletin HY14-2004-B1/US Series VA20/35 Series VG20/35

Oil Hydraulic Directional Control Valves

October 1, 2002
I-99 dated 6/99



VA20/35 VG20/35 DIRECTIONAL CONTROL VALVES



VA and VG model valves are contemporary versions of our well-proven A20/A35 units which have provided reliable control of fluid power for over 20 years. The VG models are cast from compacted graphite, a high strength iron alloy that allows us to rate the valves to 3500 psi. VA models are cast from gray iron and are rated at 2500 psi.

Both models are produced under Comme cial's Statistical Process Control program-SPC assures you of top quality because all manufacturing processes are constantly monitored to be sure they're within tolerances. SPC is just one method Commercial is using to maintain quality, improve delivery and control costs.

As a worldwide supplier of high quality hydraulic components, we build to the same designs at all of our plants. This assures you that wherever you manufacture or wherever your equipment is used, service parts are readily available.

FAILURE OR IMPROPER SELECTION OR IMPROPER USE OF THE PRODUCTS AND/OR SYSTEMS DESCRIBED HEREIN OR RELATED ITEMS CAN CAUSE DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE.

This document and other information from Parker Hannifin Corporation, its subsidiaries and authorized distributors provide product and/or system options for further investigation by users having technical expertise. It is important that you analyze all aspects of your application and review the information concerning the product or system in the current product catalog. Due to the variety of operating conditions and applications for these products or systems, the user, through its own analysis and testing, is solely responsible for making the final selection of the products and systems and assuring that all performance, safety and warning requirements of the application are met.

The products described herein, including without limitation, product features, specifications, designs, availability and pricing, are subject to change by Parker Hannifin Corporation and its subsidiaries at any time without notice.

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you get more efficient control of fluid power distribution with Commercial valves because of these important features:

- Built-in, full-flow relief valves
- Parallel and series circuits in one bank
- Manual, hydraulic, electric or pneumatic operation
- Sectional construction for maximum flexibility
- Spool changeover capability for right- or left-hand valve assemblies
- Low spool effort improved metering

Several features are offered as standard on VA20/35 and VG20/35 valves that contribute to their outstanding performance. Symetrical timing makes changeover from left-to right-hand operation simply a matter of removing the spool and re-inserting it in the opposite direction. Spool seals are fitted in counter bores for easier maintenance and smoother spool operation. These features, combined with the extensive range of available spool functions and options, make these valves among the most versatile obtainable. These features, and there are many more, offer advantages to the equipment manufacturer which result in superior control and equipment performance. These valves show a greatly reduced internal pressure drop under all conditions of operation.

low internal pressure drop

All valves present resistance to flow which results in pressure drop. Commercial's valves VA20/35 and VG20/35 are designed with large internal passages with uniform cross sections and smooth wall surfaces which provide flow paths free of abrupt angles. More useful fluid power is available because there is minimal internal pressure drop and less energy wasted in heat generation. Performance data for all operating conditions is plotted in tables and charts on pages 6 and 7. You can use these tables to determine the proper size valve to best meet your specific requirement.

sectional construction

These valves are of sectional, stack type, construction assembled with one or more work sections capped by inlet and outlet sections. Working sections are offered in many functional types. Special mid-inlet sections may be added in the valve bank to introduce the flow from additional pumps. Working sections with series or parallel type circuits can be assembled in thousands of combinations to tailor these valves to your needs.

pressure compensation

VA35 or VG35 parallel circuit sections can have the benefits of outlet pressure compensation. A special pressure compensation outlet automatically maintains a selected flow through any one of the valve's parallel section. The outlet's metering spool responds to changing pressure providing precise control of machine functions regardless of the level of the operator's skill.

Pressure compensated outlets may be used in mixed bank (series and parallel) assemblies if the series work sections are upstream of the pressure compensated parallel sections.

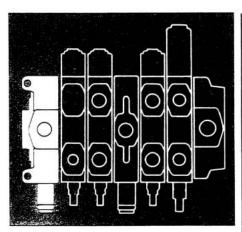
full-flow relief valve protection

Full-flow system relief valves may be installed in the end inlet section.

Work sections can be provided with fullflow relief valves in either or both work ports. Port relief valves can be pilot operated with anti-cavitation checks or differential area, full-flow relief valves without anti-cavitation checks. (See graphs on pages 10 and 11.) Crossover relief valves are available.



principle components and their functions



inlet sections

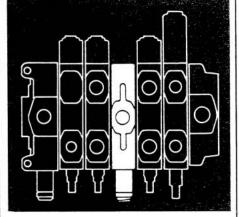
Pump flow is plumbed to stack-type directional control valves through a port placed in an inlet section. Inlet sections, are available with or without full-flow system relief valves.

end iniet

End inlets cap the valve bank at the upstream end and receive the primary pump flow. A port is placed in the top or side of the inlet to provide for piping connection.

and inlet, tank return

This style of end inlet section caps the valve bank at the upstream end and receives the primary pump discharge through a top or side port. An additional port, placed in the bottom, provides a route for low-pressure return oil to flow directly to tank. Inlet unloaders are also available. See page 26.



mid-inlet sections

mid-inlet section for split flow

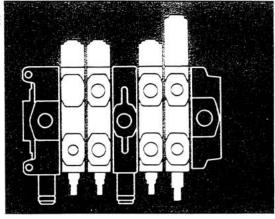
This section allows you to combine two or more independent circuits in one valve bank simplifying plumbing and installation. A split flow, mid-inlet section, positioned between two working sections, provides a method of feeding a secondary pump's flow into a valve bank and acts as an outlet for the primary pump. The secondary pump's flow is directed to that portion of the valve bank downstream from the mid-inlet. The primary pump's flow is not combined with that of the secondary pump within the valve bank. A built-in full-flow relief valve can be provided. Split flow mid-inlets with power beyond capability are also available.

for combined flow

A combined flow, mid-inlet section can be positioned between two working sections to introduce flow from a secondary pump into the valve bank. The secondary pump's flow is added to that of the primary pump to feed all downstream working sections. The primary pump flow is interrupted when an upstream section is activated but flow from secondary pump remains available. Total discharge (gpm) from primary and secondary pumps may not exceed the flow capacity of the valve bank.

for combination split or combined flow (manual selection)

This combination mid-inlet section has an integral, manually operated, two-position spool. In the split-flow position, the valve directs secondary pump flow to the down-stream portion of the valve bank and directs the primary pump's discharge to tank. In the combined flow position, the two pump flows are combined at the end inlet and made available to all working sections. Combined discharge (gpm) from primary and secondary pumps may not exceed maximum flow capacity of the valve bank.



working sections

Lo-Boy sections are protected in working position by a full flow relief valve in the valve's inlet (standard valve). Hi-Boy sections can be ordered with built-in, work port relief valves in either or both ports. Hi-Boy work sections have necessarily higher profiles to accommodate the port relief valves.

Parallel and series circuits can be combined in the same valve bank and are available in both Hi-Boy and Lo-Boy sections. While both circuit types permit actuation of several machine functions, it is important to remember the primary difference between the two types.

parallel circuits

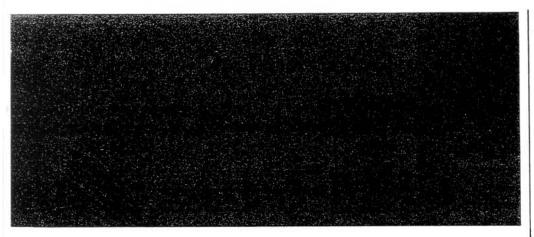
Parallel circuits are the most commonly used because more than one function can be operated simultaneously and at random. However, if two or more spools are fully operated at the same time the one with the lightest load will operate first. An operator can easily overcome this by metering back the valve controlling the lightest load.

series circuits

If more than one spool is operated, the one closest to the inlet will operate first. Return flow is directed to the open center for use by the next work section, etc. The sum of the pressures is additive and can not exceed the system pressure.



Hydraulic Valve Division



3-way • 3-position type (work port blocked when spool in neutral) (parallel circuitry only)

In neutral, flow passes through the valve's center flow to another valve bank. This flow is the spool directs all flow out of the one port. Shifting in the opposite direction permits oil to return to tank through the same port. Use with single-acting cylinders or single-direction motors plumbed to tank.

4-way • 3-position type (work ports blocked when spool in neutral)

Used in parallel or series circuits, both ports are opened (one for outgoing oil, one for returning oil) when the spool is shifted in either direction. Return oil goes downstream through the open center in series circuits or the tank return passage in parallel circuits. Work ports are blocked in neutral. This section controls double-acting cylinders.

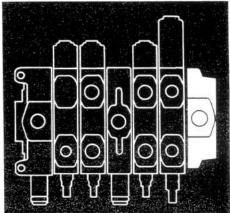
4-way 3-position type (work ports open when spool in neutral)

This section works the same as the 4-way 3-position cylinder type except that both work ports are connected internally to tank and blocked to pump flow when the spool is in neutral. This section is used in motor circuits. 4-way • 4-position type (work ports blocked when spool in neutral — open in float position) (parallel circuitry only)

This type valve section stops all return flow in neutral thus stopping the motor or cylinder. The fourth spool position connects the work ports to tank which lets the operator free-wheel the motor or float the cylinder.

$4\text{-way} \bullet 4\text{-position type}$ (work ports blocked when spool in neutral — regenerative flow in fourth position) (parallel circuitry only)

When the valve spool is moved into a work position, all of the flow is directed to one work port. At the same time, the other work port is opened to return flow to tank. In the regenerative position, return flow from the rod end of the cylinder is combined with flow from the pump and the additive flow is directed to cylinder's base end. Both work ports are blocked in neutral.



outlet sections

Pump flow leaves the valve through ports placed in an outlet section which caps the valve bank at the downstream end. Outlet sections are available as tank return, pressure beyond or combination types.

tank return type

Ports in the side and top of this outlet permit flow to be piped to tank. Connections can be made to either port. The port not being used must be plugged.

pressure beyond type

Two outlet ports are located in the side or top. The port nearest the centerline directs open center flow to another valve bank. This flow is available to the second bank only when all upstream work sections are in neutral. The second outlet port must be plumbed to tank.

tank return or pressure beyond (convertible)

This outlet can be converted from a tank return type to pressure beyond by inserting a special cartridge plug in the side port. This feature is useful if you anticipate the possible addition of an accessory valve after the machine is built.

tank return priority outlet type (divided flow)

This outlet provides ports to both the tank and pressure beyond circuits. A built-in flow divider spool directs a selected portion of the flow to the pressure beyond circuit at all times and the remaining flow to tank.





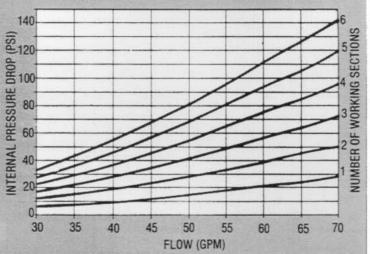
parallel circuit parallel circuit (SAE-16 inlet to SAE-12) inlet to work port, work port to outlet (work ports to SAE-16 outlet) (SAE-16 inlet and outlet) (js 200 180 NUMBER OF WORKING SECTIONS INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP (PSI) 05 05 05 02 08 06 001 NUMBER OF WORKING SECTIONS INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP 05 09 00 07 05 09 0 FLOW (GPM) FLOW (GPM) series circuit series circuit (SAE-16 inlet to SAE-12) inlet to work port, work port to outlet (work ports to SAE-16 outlet) INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP (PSI) 0 00 00 02 00 06 05 0 00 02 09 06 05 VITIBER OF WORKING SECTIONS NUMBER OF WORKING SECTIONS INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP (PSI) FLOW (GPM) FLOW (GPM)

VA35/VG35 performance data

parallel circuit

inlet to outlet

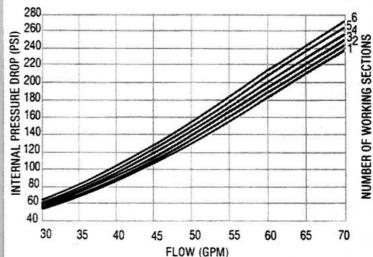
(SAE-20 inlet to SAE-16 work port to SAE-20 outlet!



parallel circuit

inlet to work port, work port to outlet

[SAE-20 inlet and outlet]

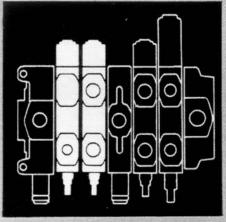


NOTE: VA models are constructed of grey iron and are rated for 2500 psi in 40 gpm (VA20) and 70 gpm (VA35) sizes. VG models are constructed of compacted graphite and are rated for 3500 psi service in corresponding gallonage sizes.



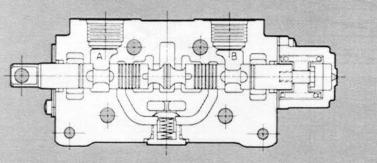
Hydraulic Valve Division

7

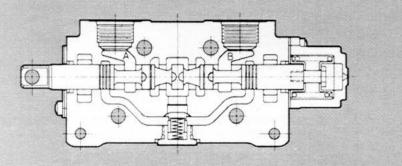


LO-BOY Working Sections





series



Commercial's VA and VG models are opencenter, stack type valves designed primarily for heavy-duty mobile equipment applications. They work equally well with fixed or variable displacement pumps.

VA and VG valves may be used as closed center units with pressure compensated pumps. Valves are made closed center by using a power beyond outlet and plugging the high pressure port.

VA and VG valves are available in two types of work sections called Hi-Bpys and Lo-Boys. Parallel or series circuits are available.

Lo-Boys can be used in most circuits requiring only the main relief valve protection provided by a cartridge relief at the inlet. Their lower profile is well suited to applications requiring compact banks such as subsurface mining equipment. Lo-Boy sections, because they require less material and machining, cost less than their Hi-Boy counterparts.



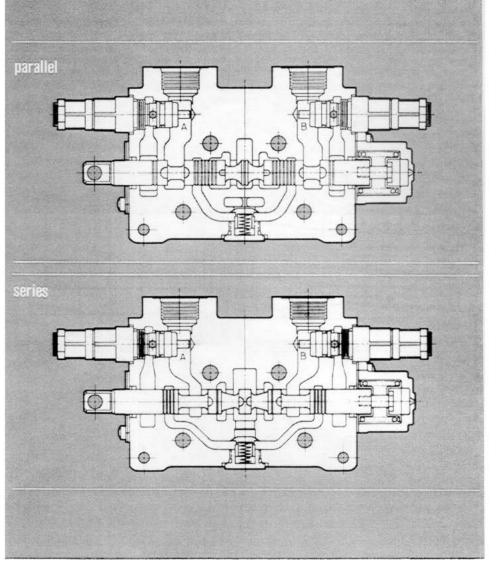
Hydraulic Valve Division

Hi-Boys, as their name implies, are made taller from top to bottom to provide room for optional port accessories. Full-flow, pilot operated relief valves with anti-cavitation checks, differential area relief valves, crossover relief valves for motors and plain anticavitation checks can be built into the Hi-Boy sections. 0

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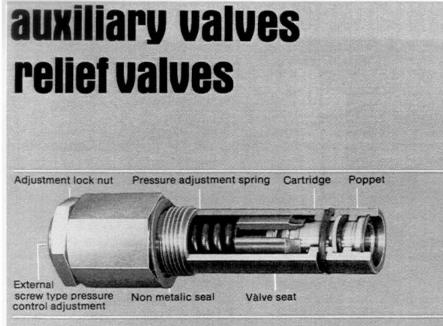
Hi-Boy and Lo-Boy sections can be assembled together in one valve bank so that sections requiring port relief valves, crossover relief or anti-cavitation checks can be inserted as needed for greater economy.

Both Hi-Boy and Lo-Boy sections are rated for 2500 psi in gray iron or 3500 psi in compacted graphite. The full range of spool actuators including electric, hydraulic, electrohydraulic, pneumatic and others shown on pages 12 and 13 can be used with either configuration.



HI-BOY Working Sections



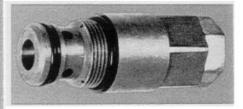


main system relief valve

Three types of relief valves are offered to protect VA- and VG-Line valves against pressure overloads. These include a pilot-operated, full-flow port relief with built-in anticavitation feature; a full-flow differential area port relief without anti-cavitation feature and a full-flow inlet or mid-inlet system relief.

Inlet and mid-inlet relief valve protects all downstream work sections. Port reliefs, available in Hi-Boy sections only, offer complete overload protection to each port. These are particularly useful in sections subject to overloading even in neutral position. An excavator traveling over uneven terrain with its boom extended, for example, could create hydraulic shock loads in the cylinders. Such loads should be relieved at the port to prevent damage to components.

Consistent accuracy in providing adequate pressure relief protection is the hallmark of Commercial's relief valves as shown in the performance graphs below.

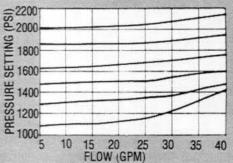


standard port relief (slug adjusted)

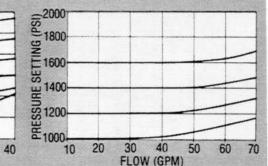
Full-flow, differential area type relief valves are the standard port relief valves offered for use in VG and VA valves. Available in Hi-Boy sections only.

The port relief protects the cylinder or motor to which it is plumbed against overload damage. Generally set at a higher pressure than the main system relief valve, the overload port relief functions only when the valve is in neutral. Because of their full-flow capability, they can provide relief valve protection to individual ports which must be operated at pressures below the relief valve setting for the bank assembly.

VA20/VG20 main relief valve performance

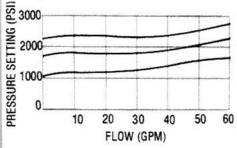


A35/VG35 main relief valve performance



NOTE: Unless otherwise specified main relief valves will be screw adjusted.

standard port relief valve performance

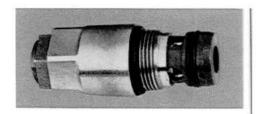


NOTE: Also available

- · Vented anti-cavitation checks
- Lockout relief valves
- Dual-pressure relief valves

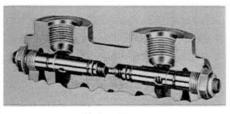


Hydraulic Valve Division



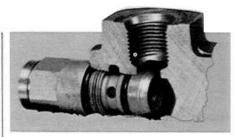
optional port relief (screw adjusted)

Full-flow, pilot-operated relief valves with built-in, anti-cavitation checks are available as port relief valves in VG and VA Hi-Boy models.



Crossover relief valves (screw adjusted)

These allow high pressure to be bled from one work port to the other when the spool is in neutral to prevent an over-running motor from acting as a pump and pressurizing the system beyond its designed load. They also provide anti-cavitation protection to the opposite port.

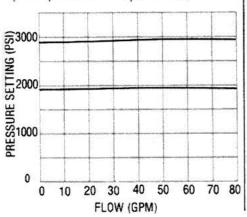


anti-cavitation vacuum check

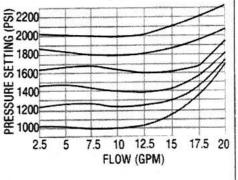
These checks are available as a built-in feature of the full-flow port relief valves or as separate units to eliminate cavitation beyond the work port. Anti-cavitation checks are available only in Hi-Boy sections.

Cavitation occurs any time an actuator under load demands more flow than the pump can supply. The anti-cavitation check bleeds oil from the tank return passage, feeding it to the low-pressure side of the actuator to fill the vacuum thus preventing cavitation. Anti-cavitation checks function when the valve is in a work position or in neutral.

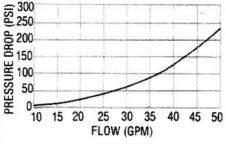
optional port relief valve performance



crossover relief valve performance



anti-cavitation check performance





transition check

Transition checks block pressurized return flow while the work section spool is shifted. This momentary holding action permits smoother cylinder or motor operation. The check blocks pressurized return flow until forced open by pressure in the parallel passage. Transition checks are standard on all cylinder work sections. Transition checks are not load-hold checks.



flow restrictor port check

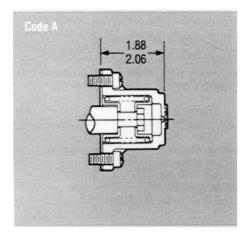
Installed in either work port, these checks reduce return flow to a specified rate determined by the need of the application. They may be used, for example, to slow retractior of a cylinder under load.



Hydraulic Valve Division

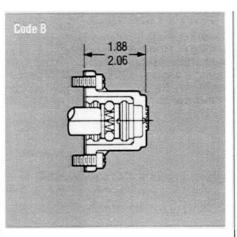
Choice of operators

dimensional data, inches VA20/VG20 VA35/VG35



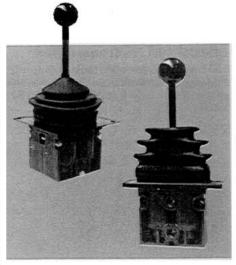
spring return

A spring in the end cap of this standard spool operator returns the spool to neutral from either work position when the control handle is released.



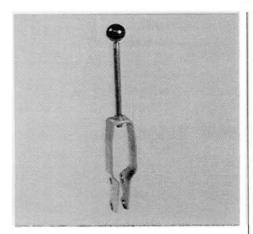
3-position detent

This option allows the spool to be detented in any of three positions. Spool movement from one position to another or to neutral is done manually.



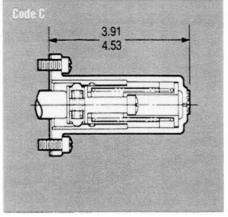
pneumatic remote controllers

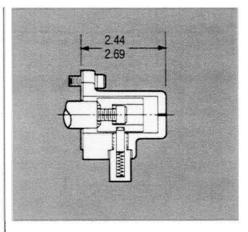
Stackable and joystick models are available. They require 11.7 cfm at 100 psi. Max operating pressure is 142 psi. These lightweight units can be ordered with a variety of handle configurations to make operation of stackable sections easier. Ask for catalog H111.



VA/VG valve handles

Stamped steel handles fit either Hi-Boy or Low-Boy models with or without port reliefs. Handle height may be adjusted by varying the length of threaded rod portion. Standard heights are 6", 8" and 10".





detent with spring return

When used with a float section, the spool may be detented in the float position to allow a cylinder to float or a motor to freewheel until manually shifted.

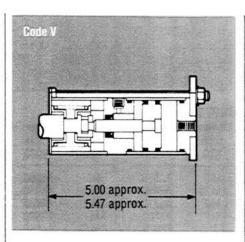
Spring action returns the spool to neutral from work positions.

rotary back cap

Rotating the control handle, instead of pushing or pulling it, actuates this spool. The handle will hold in any position between 0° and 90° either side of center to provide a continuous flow of metered oil. These units are available with stainless steel parts for marine winch applications. Buyer must supply handle.

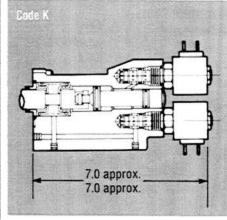


Hydraulic Valve



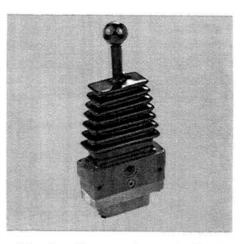
single ended pneumatic

This option uses a 100 psi pneumatic pilot, plumbed to double-acting piston on one end of the spool. This piston shifts the spool in either direction thus freeing the opposite spool end to accept a handle operator which may be used as an override.



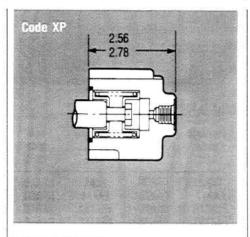
solenoid operated

End cap mounted solenoids with equal area pistons utilize a 300 psi pilot signal to shift the spool. Pilot supply connections are internal to the valve. The equal area solenoid pistons prevent ghosting. This operator can be adjusted to control the spool's rate of travel. Contact Commercial for solenoid applications.



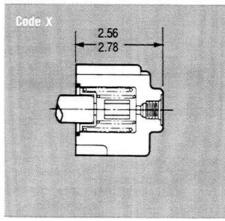
oil hydraulic remote controller

Joystick type remote controllers provide precise control of two directional control valve sections. These units require 3-5 gpm pilot flow at up to 500 psi. Joystick models can be equiped with electrical switches and manual or electro-magnetic detents. Ask for catalog H-68R.



pilot operated

This option uses a 100 psi pilot signal to shift the spool in either direction. As caps are required on both ends, manual actuation is not possible.



remote operated back cap

These sections may be matched with Commercial's oil hydraulic remote controllers for precisely metered remote valve control when manual operation is impractical. Pressure is bled from the main system or provided by an auxiliary circuit.



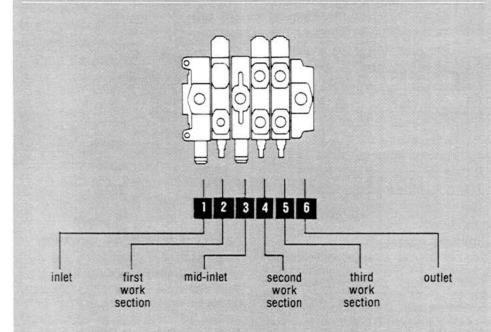
oil hydraulic remote controller

Single axis remote controllers operate one directional control valve section. They require 3-5 gpm pilot flow at up to 500 psi. Single axis models can be stacked in several configurations and are available with a foot pedal. Ask for catalog H-68.



how to code VA20/35-VG20/35 values reference

- Determine the system pressure and required flow through the valve and A select the appropriate valve model.
- B. Determine the number and order of sections required.
- Specify the requirements for each of the sections and select the C. appropriate codes for those requirements.
- D. Assemble the code, specifying the model and then each section starting with the inlet and continue to the outlet.



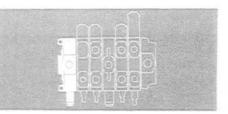
section	requirements	code
Model (page 17)	System pressure = 2000 psi — valve flow = 35 gpm	VA20
(pages 16 & 17)	Standard inlet with relief valve set at 2000 psi and — 16-SAE straight thread top portsA	A080 (2000)
2 First Work Section (pages 20 & 21)	Lo-Boy — double-acting cylinder, parallel circuit — spring return — 12-SAE straight thread ports	DA7
3 Mid-section Inlet (pages 18 & 19)	Combined flow type without a relief valve — 12-SAE straight thread port	CCA70
4 Second Work Section (pages 20 & 21)	Lo-Boy — double-acting motor, parallel circuit — spring return — 12-SAE straight thread port	MA7
Third Work Section (pages 20 & 21)	Lo-Boy — double-acting cylinder, parallel circuit — solenoid operated — 12-SAE straight thread port	DK7
Outlet Section (pages 24 & 25)	Return to tank type — 16-SAE straight thread top port	Z080

example of assembled valve ordering code

VA20-AA080 (2000) - DA7 - CCA70 - MA7 - DK7 - Z080

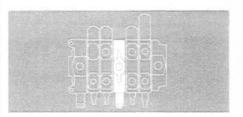
code cross

NOTE: These tables are provided as a cross reference for customers who have been using A-Line valves which are superceded by VA and VG model valves. Coding for VA and VG models differs from that for A-Line models.



inlet sections

previous	new	previous	new
code	code	code	code
A20	VA20	A35	VA35
AA5	AA330	AA1	AA300
AA128	AA440	AA4	AA440
AA130	AA770	AA91	AA880
AA127	AA880	AA17	AA080
AA19	AA070	AA14	AA900
CA2	CA300	AA92	AA980
CA127	CA880	CA5	CA303
CA130	CA770	CA92	CA980



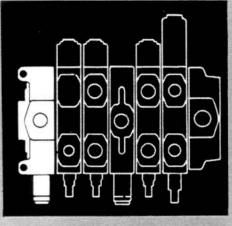
mid-inlet sections

previous code A20	new code VA20	previous code A35	new code VA35
EAA3	CAA30	EAA3	CAA40
EAA11	CAA70	EAA14	CAA80
EAA110	SAA70	EAA103	SAA40
EAA123	SAA33	EAA112	SAA80
ECA11	CCA70	EAA125	SAA44
ECA103	SCA30	EAA141	SAA88
		ECA3	CCA40
		ECA14	CCA80



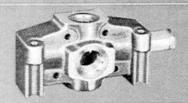
	5 88,			previous code A20	new code VA20	previous code A20	new code VA20	previous code A35	new code VA35	previous code A35	new code VA35
				LB168 LS3 LS7 1LS607	LB533 LS300 LS700 LR744	SA57 SA59 SB53 SB57	SA7 SA9 SB3 SB7	1LA178 LA196 LA659 LB53	LA490 LA803 LA844 LB400 LB833	MS9 WDA52 WDA53 WDA59	MS8 WDA3 WDA4 WDA8
working previous code A20	new code VA20	previous code A20	new code VA20	MA52 MA53 MA57 MB52 MB53	MA2 MA3 MA7 MB2 MB3	SC53 TA52 TA53 TA57 TA59	SC3 TA2 TA3 TA7 TA9	LB172 1LS9 MA53 MA57 MA59	LR800 MA4 MA7 MA8	WDB53 WDS9 1WDS9 1WHS7 1WHS120	WDB4 WDS8 WDR8 WHR700 WHR711
DA52 DA53 DA55 DA56 DA57 DB52 DB53 DB55 DB57 DC53 DS3	DA2 DA3 DA5 DA6 DA7 DB2 DB3 DB5 DB7 DC3 DS3	HB168 HB170 HB178 HB190 HB194 HB653 HB657 HC53 HS3 2HS3 HS7	HB533 HB733 HB330 HB303 HB703 HB344 HB744 HC300 HS300 HR300 HR300 HR300	MB57 MC53 ME57 MS3 MS7 NA53 NB53 NB53 NB57 SA52 SA53 SA55	MB7 MC3 ME7 MS3 MS7 NA3 NB3 NB7 SA2 SA3 SA5	WDA53 WDA55 WDA57 WDB53 WDB57 WMA53 WMA57 WMB53 WMB57 WME57	WDA3 WDA5 WDA7 WDB3 WDB7 WMA3 WMA7 WMB3 WMB7 WMB7 WME7	1MA59 MB53 MB59 ME59 MS3 3MS3	MA8 MB4 MB8 ME8 MS4 MR4	WMA53 WMA59 WMB53 WMB59 WMS9 1WMS9	WMA4 WMB8 WMB8 WMS8 WMS8
4DS3 DS7 2DS7 FB53	DR3 DS7 DR7 FB3	HS116 HS120 3HS120 HS128	HS333 HS733 HR733 HS330	previous code A35	new code VA35	previous code A35	new code VA35		m	h	
FB57 FC53 FC57 GC57 GC170 GC257	FB7 FC3 FC7	1HS220 HS603 3HS603 HS607 JA57 JA190	HR722 HS344 HR344 HS744 JA700 JA303	DA51 DA52 DA53 DA56 DA57	DA2 DA3 DA4 DA6 DA7	HA190 2HA190 HA194 1HA194 HA196	HA403 HA409 HA703 HA703 HA803				
GC657 HA52 HA53 HA56	HA200 HA300 HA600	JB52 JB53 JB190 JB194	JB200 JB300 JB303 JB703	DA59 DA63 DB52 DB53	DA8 DA5 DB3 DB4	HA266 HA272 HA284 HA472	HA422 HA822 HA820 HA811	outlet s	new	previous	new
HA57 HA120 HA165	HA700 HA733 HA233	JC190 JC194 JS3	JC303 JC703 JS300	DB57 DB59 DB63	DB7 DB8 DB5	HA653 HA659 HB166	HA444 HA844 HB433	code A20	code VA20	code A35	code VA35
HA166 HA168 HA169 HA170 2HA177 HA178 HA181 HA181 HA182 HA190 IHA193 HA194 HA266 HA270 HA2653 HA653 HA655 HA6557 HB53 HB56 HB57	HA333 HA533 HA633 HA733 HA230 HA300 HA300 HA730 HA303 HA703 HA703 HA722 HA722 HA720 HA344 HA644 HA744 HB300 HB600 HB700	JS140 JS144 KA180 KC55 KC180 LA52 LA53 LA56 LA57 LA168 LA190 1LA269 1LA269 1LA270 LA653 LA656 LA656 LA657 LB53 LB55 LB56	JS303 JS703 KA530 KC500 KC530 LA200 LA300 LA600 LA700 LA533 LA303 LA622 LA722 LA344 LA644 LA744 LB300 LB500 LB600	DS3 1DS3 DS9 2DS9 FC53 FC59 GC166 GC172 GC266 GC472 HA53 HA57 1HA57 HA59 HA159 HA159 HA166 HA170 HA172 HA178 HA182	DS4 DR4 DS8 DR8 GC411 GC411 GC422 GC811 HA400 HA700 HA800 HA800 HA832 HA433 HA433 HA433 HA430 HA730	*HB172 HB178 HB184 HB190 HB484 HB653 HB659 HS9 HS9 HS9 HS116 HS122 HS122 HS122 HS122 HS122 HS603 IHS609 LA53 LA57 LA59 ILA166 LA170	HB833 HB430 HB830 HB403 HB810 HB444 HB844 HS800 HR800 HS433 HR833 HR833 HR833 HR833 HR833 HR811 HS444 HR844 LA400 LA700 LA700 LA800 LA499 LA733	AY606 CY658 DY606 Z2 Z3 Z11 Z14 Z16 Z18 1ZT4 Y4 Y6 Y12 Y82 Y164 Y182	A Y 40040 C Y 80080 D Y 40040 Z 330 Z 070 Z 880 Z 440 Z 870 Z T 040 Y 30030 Y 40040 Y 24024 Y 28028 Y 80028 Y 44044	AY663 CY663 DY663 Z3 Z16 Z20 Z10 Z17 Z15 ZT17 Y63 Y12 Y89 Y180	AY90090 CY90090 DY90090 Z040 Z550 Z880 Z900 Z990 Z990 Z990 Z990 Y35035 Y39039 Y90039





inlet sections

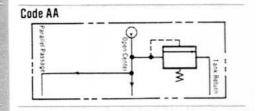
standard type



bottom dump to tank type

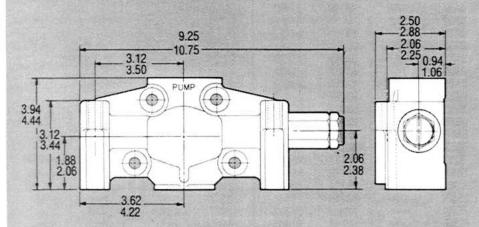


typical schematic



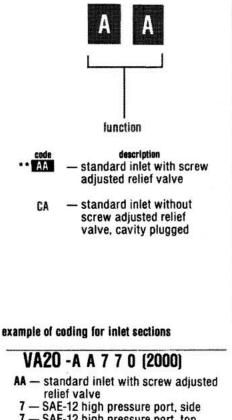
1

VA20/VG20 VA35/VG35 dimensional data, inches-

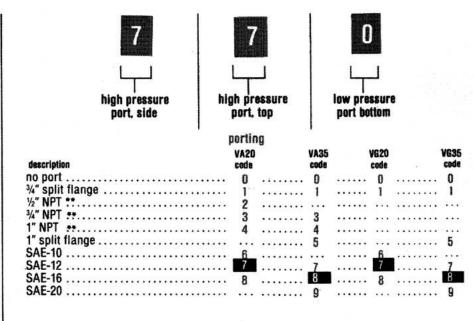




Parker Hydraulic Valve Division



- 7 SAE-12 high pressure port, top
- 0 no port, bottom



**NOTE: NPT ports are not available for VG models.

VA35 -C A O 3 3

- CA standard inlet without screw adjusted relief valve, cavity plugged
- 0 no port, side
- 3 3/4" NPT high pressure port, top
- 3 3/4" NPT low pressure port, bottom

**NOTE: When ordering inlets please identify pressure and flow for main relief valve setting, see example above.

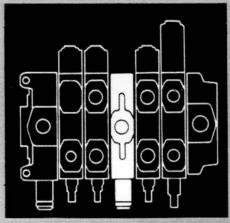
SAE J846 tube coding system

Nominal Tube O.D., in	Dash Size Symbol
1/2	-8
5/8	-10
3/4	-12
.7/8	-14
a management a sub-transformer a sub-	-16
11/4	-20

Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.

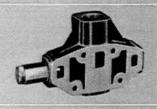
-Parker D

Hydraulic Valve Division 17

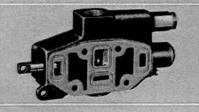


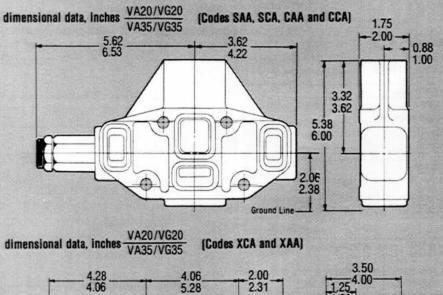
id-inlet sections

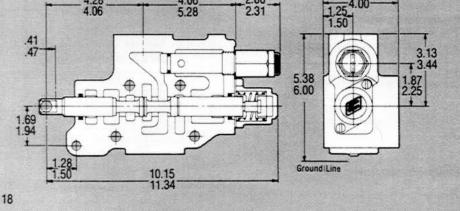
combined flow type



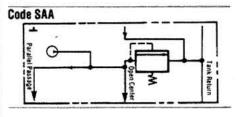
split or combined flow type (manual operation)

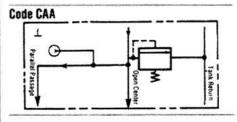






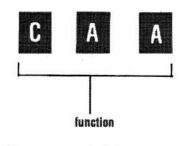
typical schematic

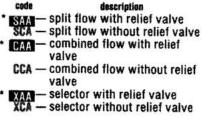






Hydraulic Valve













low pressure port, rear

description	VA20 code	VA35 code	VG20 code	VG35 code
no port		 0	 . 0	. 0
34" split flange		 ĩ	 	. ī
%" NPT ••	. 2	 	 . 2	
¼″ NPT •••	. 3	 3		. 1
1" NPT ++			 	. 4
SAE-8	. 5		 . 5	
SAE-10		 8	 A	
SAE-12	17	7		· U
SAE-16		 -		· _

example of coding for mid-inlet sections

VA20 - C A A 7 0 (2000)

CAA - combined flow with relief valve 7 - SAE-12 high pressure port, top 0 — no port, rear

requirements, see example above.

VA20 - S A A 8 8 (1500)

SAA - split flow with relief valve 8 — SAE-16 high pressure port, top 8 — SAE-16 low pressure port, rear

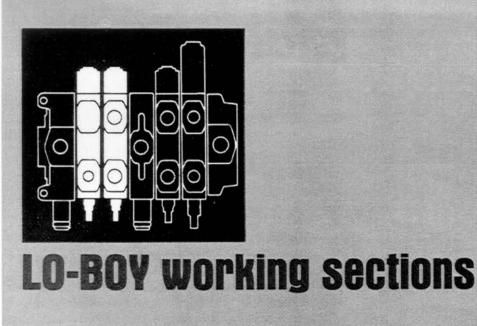
SAE J846 tube coding system

Nominal Tube O.D., in	Dash Size Symbol
1/2	-8
5/8	-10
3/4	-12
7/8	-14
1	-16
11/4	-20

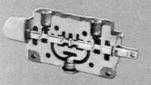
Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.

*NOTE: When ordering mid-inlets please identify relief valve pressure and flow

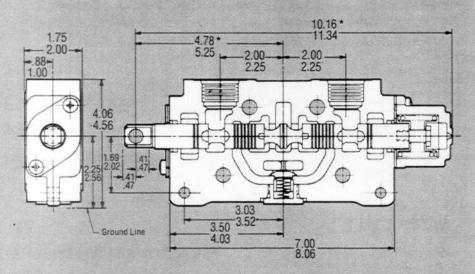






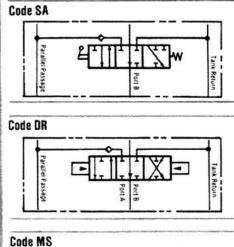


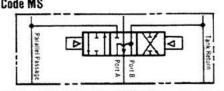
VA20/VG20 VA35/VG35 dimensional data, inches

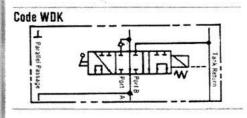


* These dimensions are shown for a manually operated valve with spring return. See operators pages 12 and 13 for other combinations.

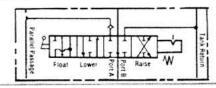
typical schematic







Code FC





Hydraulic Valve Division

functions	Derator•		A and B porting	
			VA20 VA35 V620	1
code description	description		description code code code	1
D - double-acting, parallel, cylinder	Aspring return	E	34 split flange 1	
<u>M</u> — double-acting, parallel, motor	B3-position detent	F	1/2 NPT** 2	2
WD — double-acting, series, cylinder	Cspring return with 4th	N/A	³ / ₄ NPT** 3 3	2 -
WM — double-acting, series, motor	position detent		1 NPT** 4	
S — single-acting, (B port), parallel,	XP pilot operated	XP	SAE-8 5 5 5	
cylinder	Xhydraulic remote	X	SAE-10 6 6 6	
N — single-acting, (B port), parallel,	K	L	SAE-12	
motor	Qelectro-magnetic detent	M	SAE-16 8* 8 8*	
T — single-acting, (A port), parallel, cylinder	lockout	P	SAE-20	2
F — double-acting, with 4th position	V single ended pneumatic	U	*these ports restricted to 60% of PSI	
*dimensional data shown does not apply to this section	 see pages 12 and 13 for operator dimensional data 		**NPT ports not available on VG models	

example of coding LO-BOY working sections:

VA20 - WDE-7

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{WD} \mbox{ --- double-acting, series, cylinder type} \\ \textbf{E} \mbox{ --- spring return operator at A port end} \\ \textbf{7} \mbox{ --- SAE-12} \end{array}$

VA35 - M B 8

M — double-acting, parallel, motor
 B — 3-position detent operator
 B — SAE-16 A and B ports

SAE J846 tube coding system

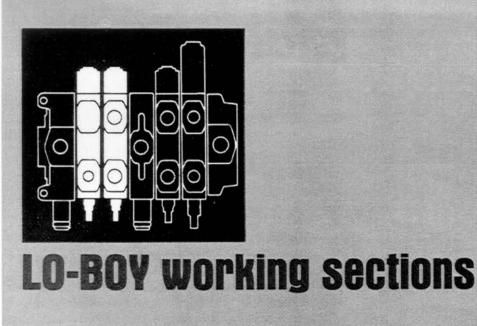
V635 code 1

Nominal Tube O.D., in	Dash Size Symbol
1/2	-8
5/8	-10
3/4	-12
7/8	-14
1	-16
- 1¼	-20

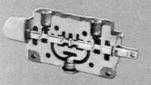
Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.



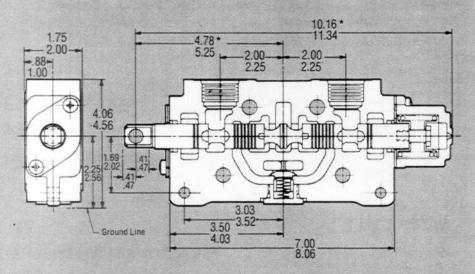
21





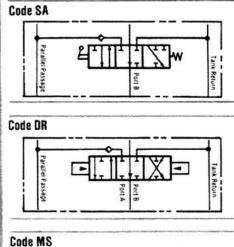


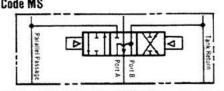
VA20/VG20 VA35/VG35 dimensional data, inches

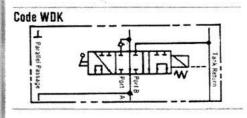


* These dimensions are shown for a manually operated valve with spring return. See operators pages 12 and 13 for other combinations.

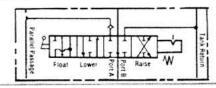
typical schematic







Code FC





Hydraulic Valve Division

functions	Derator•		A and B porting	
			VA20 VA35 V620	1
code description	description		description code code code	1
D - double-acting, parallel, cylinder	Aspring return	E	34 split flange 1	
<u>M</u> — double-acting, parallel, motor	B3-position detent	F	1/2 NPT** 2	2
WD — double-acting, series, cylinder	Cspring return with 4th	N/A	³ / ₄ NPT** 3 3	2 -
WM — double-acting, series, motor	position detent		1 NPT** 4	
S — single-acting, (B port), parallel,	XP pilot operated	XP	SAE-8 5 5 5	
cylinder	Xhydraulic remote	X	SAE-10 6 6 6	
N — single-acting, (B port), parallel,	K	L	SAE-12	
motor	Qelectro-magnetic detent	M	SAE-16 8* 8 8*	
T — single-acting, (A port), parallel, cylinder	lockout	P	SAE-20	2
F — double-acting, with 4th position	V single ended pneumatic	U	*these ports restricted to 60% of PSI	
*dimensional data shown does not apply to this section	 see pages 12 and 13 for operator dimensional data 		**NPT ports not available on VG models	

example of coding LO-BOY working sections:

VA20 - WDE-7

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{WD} \mbox{ --- double-acting, series, cylinder type} \\ \textbf{E} \mbox{ --- spring return operator at A port end} \\ \textbf{7} \mbox{ --- SAE-12} \end{array}$

VA35 - M B 8

M — double-acting, parallel, motor
 B — 3-position detent operator
 B — SAE-16 A and B ports

SAE J846 tube coding system

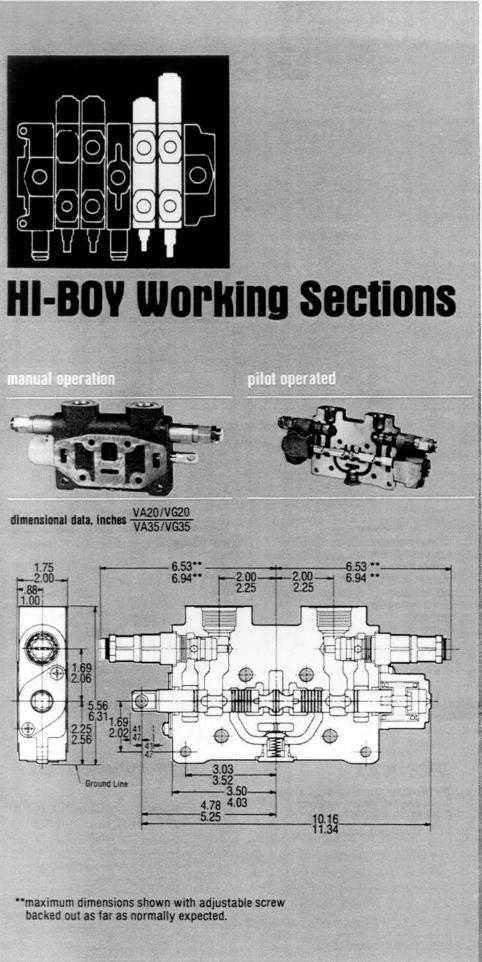
V635 code 1

Nominal Tube O.D., in	Dash Size Symbol
1/2	-8
5/8	-10
3/4	-12
7/8	-14
1	-16
- 1¼	-20

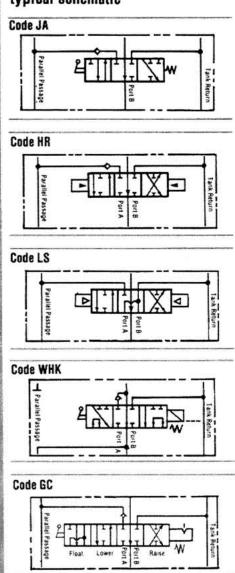
Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.



21

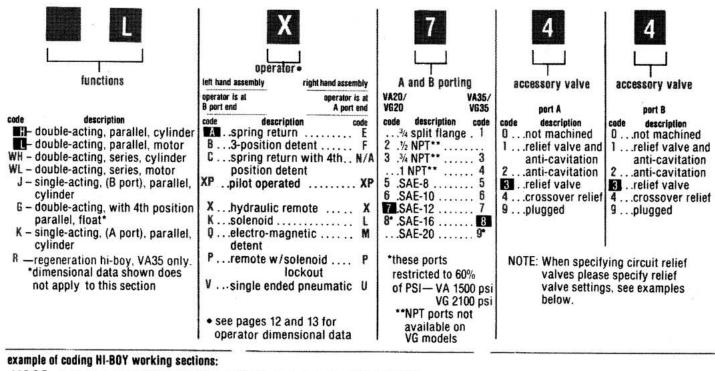


typical schematic

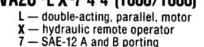




Hydraulic Valve Division

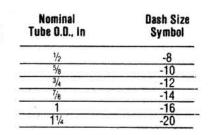


VA20 -L X-7 4 4 (1000/1000)



- VA20 H A-6 1 1 (1500/2000)
 - H double-acting, parallel, cylinder
- - 6 SAE-10 A and B porting
- 4 crossover relief in port A (1000)
- 4 crossover relief in port B (1000)
- A spring return operation
- 1
- relief valve and anti-cavitation in port A (1500)
- 1 relief valve and anti-cavitation in port B (2000)

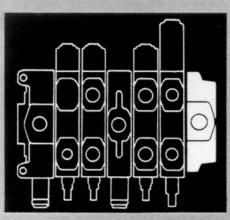
SAE J846 tube coding system



Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.



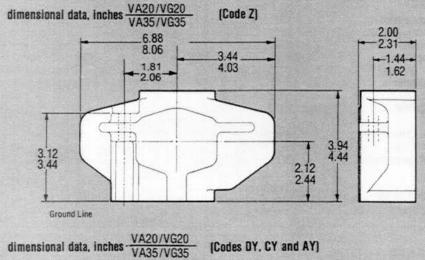
Hydraulic Valve Division

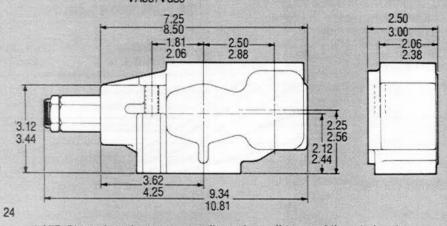


outlet sections

pressure beyond or tank return type (convertible)

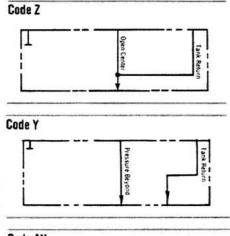


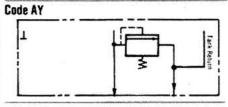




NOTE: Dimensions do not necessarily apply to all types of thru stud outlets.

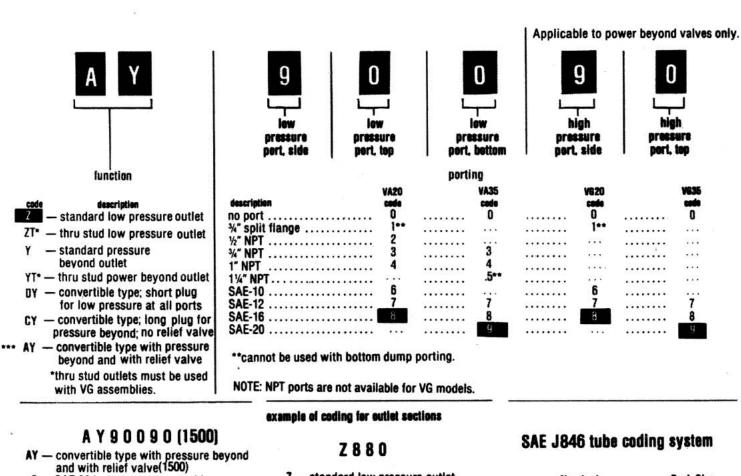
typical schematic

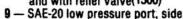






Hydraulic Valve Division





- 0 no port, top
- 0 no port, bottom
- 9 SAE-20 high pressure port, side
- 0 no port, top

- Z standard low pressure outlet
- 8 SAE-16 low pressure port, side 8
- SAE-16 low pressure port, top 0 - no port, bottom

***NOTE: When ordering power beyond outlets with relief valves please specify relief valve flow and pressure, see example above.

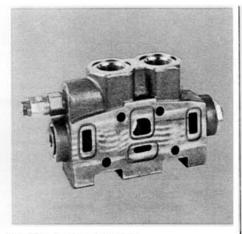
Codes in blue panels are standard and are readily available from stock.

Nominal Tube C.D., in	Dash Size Symbol
1/2	-8
5/8	-10
3/4	-12
7/8	-14
1	-16
11/4	-20



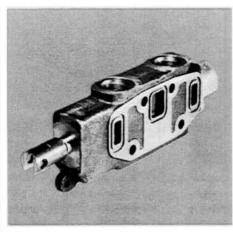
25

accessories and other valve products



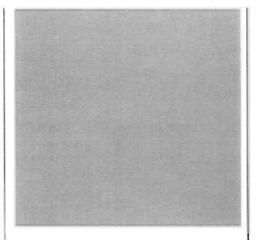
VA/VG inlet unloader

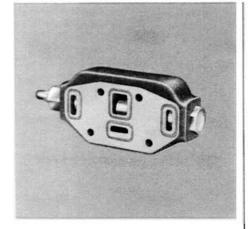
An optional inlet unloader improves high flow performance of VA/VG20 and 35 valves by diverting pump flow directly to tank until a work spool is actuated. This makes it unnecessary to disengage the pump during roading and allows a smaller more economical control valve to be used.



automatic kickout valve

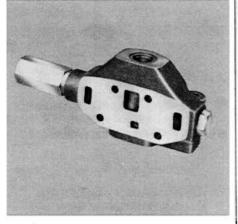
Automatic kickout sections are detented in a work position by the operator. When pressure at the work port reaches a pre-set level, pilot flow from the port releases the detent mechanism and the spool is springreturned to neutral. Highboy versions are also available.





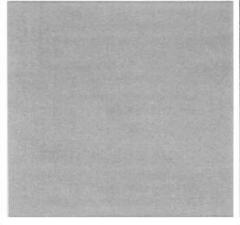
flow control section

This section maintains constant flow to all downstream sections by metering flow through a fixed orifice. Six orifice sizes for flows from 3 gpm to 16 gpm are offered.



pressure compensating outlet (VA/VG models)

This outlet automatically meters flow through work ports of any upstream parallel section. It may be used in a mixed circuit bank if all series sections are upstream of the parallel sections.





Hydraulic Valve

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1. Terms and Conditions of Sale: All descriptions, quotations, proposals, offers, acknowledgments, acceptances and sales of Seller's products are subject to and shall be governed exclusively by the terms and conditions stated herein. Buyer's acceptance of any offer to sell is limited to these terms and conditions. Any terms or conditions in addition to, or inconsistent with those stated herein, proposed by Buyer in any acceptance of an offer by Seller, are hereby objected to. No such additional, different or inconsistent terms and conditions shall become part of the contract between Buyer and Seller unless expressly accepted in writing by Seller. Seller's acceptance of any offer to purchase by Buyer is expressly conditional upon Buyer's assent to all the terms and conditions stated herein, including any terms in addition to, or inconsistent with those contained in Buyer's offer, Acceptance of Seller's products shall in all events constitute such assent.

2. Payment: Payment shall be made by Buyer net 30 days from the date of delivery of the items purchased hereunder. Amounts not timely paid shall bear interest at the maximum rate permitted by law for each month or portion thereof that the Buyer is late in making payment. Any claims by Buyer for omissions or shortages in a shipment shall be waived unless Seller receives notice thereof within 30 days after Buyer's receipt of the shipment.

3. Delivery: Unless otherwise provided on the face hereof, delivery shall be made F.O.B. Seller's plant. Regardless of the method of delivery, however, risk of loss shall pass to Buyer upon Seller's delivery to a carrier. Any delivery dates shown are approximate only and Seller shall have no liability for any delays in delivery.

4. Warranty: Seller warrants that the items sold hereunder shall be free from defects in material or workmanship for a period of 18 months from date of shipment from Parker Hannifin Corporation. THIS WARRANTY COMPRISES THE SOLE AND ENTIRE WARRANTY PERTAINING TO ITEMS PROVIDED HEREUNDER. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER WAR-RANTY, GUARANTEE, OR REPRESENTATION OF ANY KIND WHAT-SOEVER. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIM-ITED TO, MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, OR ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW, TRADE USAGE, OR COURSE OF DEALING ARE HEREBY DISCLAIMED. NOTWITHSTANDING THE FOREGOING, THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHATSOEVER ON ITEMS BUILT OR AC-QUIRED WHOLLY OR PARTIALLY, TO BUYER'S DESIGNS OR SPECIFICATIONS.

5. Limitation Of Remedy: SELLER'S LIABILITY ARISING FROM OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE ITEMS SOLD OR THIS CON-TRACT SHALL BE LIMITED EXCLUSIVELY TO REPAIR OR RE-PLACEMENT OF THE ITEMS SOLD OR REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID BY BUYER, AT SELLER'S SOLE OPTION. IN NO EVENT SHALL SELLER BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUEN-TIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES OF ANY KIND OR NATURE WHATSO-EVER, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOST PROFITS ARISING FROM OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR ITEMS SOLD HEREUNDER, WHETHER ALLEGED TO ARISE FROM BREACH OF CONTRACT, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, OR IN TORT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE, FAIL-URE TO WARN OR STRICT LIABILITY.

6. Changes, Reschedules and Cancellations: Buyer may request to modify the designs or specifications for the items sold hereunder as well as the quantities and delivery dates thereof, or may request to cancel all or part of this order, however, no such requested modification or cancellation shall become part of the contract between Buyer and Seller unless accepted by Seller in a written amendment to this Agreement. Acceptance of any such requested modification or cancellation shall be upon such terms and conditions as Seller may require.

7. Special Tooling: A tooling charge may be imposed for any special tooling, including without limitation, dies, fixtures, molds and patterns, acquired to manufacture items sold pursuant to this contract. Such special tooling shall be and remain Seller's property notwithstanding payment of any charges by Buyer. In no event will Buyer acquire any interest in apparatus belonging to Seller which is utilized in the manufacture of the items sold hereunder, even if such apparatus has been specially converted or adapted for such manufacture and notwithstanding any charges

paid by Buyer. Unless otherwise agreed, Seller shall have the right to alter, discard or otherwise dispose of any special tooling or other property in its sole discretion at any time.

8. Buyer's Property: Any designs, tools, patterns, materials, drawings, confidential information or equipment furnished by Buyer or any other items which become Buyer's property, may be considered obsolete and may be destroyed by Seller after two (2) consecutive years have elapsed without Buyer placing an order for the items which are manufactured using such property, Seller shall not be responsible for any loss or damage to such property while it is in Seller's possession or control.

9. Taxes: Unless otherwise indicated on the face hereof, all prices and charges are exclusive of excise, sales, use, property, occupational or like taxes which may be imposed by any taxing authority upon the manufacture, sale or delivery of the items sold hereunder. If any such taxes must be paid by Seller or if Seller is liable for the collection of such tax, the amount thereof shall be in addition to the amounts for the items sold. Buyer agrees to pay all such taxes or to reimburse Seller therefore upon receipt of its invoice. If Buyer claims exemption from any sales, use or other tax imposed by any taxing authority, Buyer shall save Seller harmless from and against any such tax, together with any interest or penalties thereon which may be assessed if the items are held to be taxable.

10. Indemnity For Infringement of Intellectual Property Rights: Seller shall have no liability for infringement of any patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade dress, trade secrets or similar rights except as provided in this Part 10. Seller will defend and indemnify Buyer against allegations of infringement of U.S. Patents, U.S. Trademarks, copyrights, trade dress and trade secrets (hereinafter 'Intellectual Property Rights'). Seller will defend at its expense and will pay the cost of any settlement or damages awarded in an action brought against Buyer based on an allegation that an item sold pursuant to this contract infringes the Intellectual Property Rights of a third party. Seller's obligation to defend and indemnify Buyer is contingent on Buyer notifying Seller within ten (10) days after Buyer becomes aware of such allegations of infringement, and Seller having sole control over the defense of any allegations or actions including all negotiations for settlement or compromise. If an item sold hereunder is subject to a claim that it infringes the Intellectual Property Rights of a third party, Seller may, at its sole expense and option, procure for Buyer the right to continue using said item, replace or modify said item so as to make it noninfringing, or offer to accept return of said item and return the purchase price less a reasonable allowance for depreciation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Seller shall have no liability for claims of infringement based on information provided by Buyer, or directed to items delivered hereunder for which the designs are specified in whole or part by Buyer, or infringements resulting from the modification, combination or use in a system of any item sold hereunder. The foregoing provisions of this Part 10 shall constitute Seller's sole and exclusive liability and Buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for infringement of Intellectual Property Rights.

If a claim is based on information provided by Buyer or if the design for an item delivered hereunder is specified in whole or in part by Buyer, Buyer shall defend and indemnify Seller for all costs, expenses or judgments resulting from any claim that such item infringes any patent, trademark, copyright, trade dress, trade secret or any similar right.

11. Force Majeure: Seller does not assume the risk of and shall not be liable for delay or failure to perform any of Seller's obligations by reason of circumstances beyond the reasonable control of Seller (hereinafter 'Events of Force Majeure'). Events of Force Majeure shall include without limitation, accidents, acts of God, strikes or labor disputes, acts, laws, rules or regulations of any government or government agency, fires, floods, delays or failures in delivery of carriers or suppliers, shortages of materials and any other cause beyond Seller's control.

12. Entire Agreement/Governing Law: The terms and conditions set forth herein, together with any amendments, modifications and any different terms or conditions expressly accepted by Seller in writing, shall constitute the entire Agreement concerning the items sold, and there are no oral or other representations or agreements which pertain thereto. This Agreement shall be governed in all respects by the law of the State of Ohio. No actions arising out of the sale of the items sold hereunder or this Agreement may be brought by either party more than two (2) years after the cause of action accrues.

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Parker Hannifin Corporation Hydraulic Valve Division Elyria, Ohio, USA 44035 Tel: (440) 366-5200 Fax: (440) 366-5253 www.parker.com/hydraulicvalve Bulletin HY14-2004-B1/US, 5C, 9/02, PHD