

Vane pumps single, double & triple T6 mobile application



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GREATER FLOW	Greater flow for the envelope size is achieved by increased displacement cam rings : at high permissible speeds with atmospheric inlet $C \rightarrow 3 \text{ to } 31 \text{ GPM}$, .66 to 6.10 in ³ /rev. $D \rightarrow 14 \text{ to } 50 \text{ GPM}$, 2.90 to 9.64 in ³ /rev. $E \rightarrow 42 \text{ to } 72 \text{ GPM}$, 8.07 to 13.86 in ³ /rev.
HIGHER PRESSURE	Pressure ratings to 4000 PSI reduce size and cost of actuators, valves and lines, give extended life at reduced pressures.
BETTER EFFICIENCY	Better efficiency under load increases productivity, reduces heating and operating costs.
MOUNTING FLEXIBILITY	Up to 32 positions for double pumps and up to 128 for triple pumps: this reduces mounting costs and improves performance.
LOWER NOISE LEVELS	Increase operator safety and acceptance.
COMPLETE CONFORMITY	To SAE - J744c 2-bolt standards and to ISO 3019-1 (T6EDCS SAE E, T6EDCM ISO 3019/2) in the various keyed and splined shaft options offered.
CARTRIDGE DESIGN	Provides for drop-in assemblies. This allows easy conversion or renewal of serviceable elements in minutes at minimum expense and risk of contamination. The "C" & "D" cartridge pumps are birotational and indicated by "B" description in cartridge model number. Pump rotation is easy to change by changing position of cam ring on port plate dowel pin hole.
WIDER RANGE OF ACCEPTABLE VISCOSITIES	Viscosities from 9240 to 60 SUS permit colder starts and hotter running. The balanced design compensates for wear and temperature changes. At high viscosity or cold temperature, the rotor to side plates gap is well lubricated and improves mechanical efficiency.
FIRE RESISTANT FLUIDS	Including phosphate esters, chlorinated hydrocarbons, water glycols and invert emulsions may be pumped at higher pressures and with longer service life by these pumps.
GENERAL APPLICATIONS	 Check speed range, pressure, temperature, fluid quality, viscosity and pump rotation. Check inlet conditions of the pump, if it can accept application requirement.

- Check inlet conditions of the pump, if it can accept application requirement.
 Type of shaft : if it would support operating torque.
 Coupling must be chosen to minimize pump shaft load (weight, misalignment).
 Filtration : must be adequate for lowest contamination level.
 Environment of pump : to avoid noise reflection, pollution and shocks.

MINIMUM & MAXIMUM SPEED, PRESSURE RATINGS - T6 SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

		Theoretical		Maximum Speed			Maximum Pressure						
~.	~ .	Displacement	Minimum	HF-0,HF-1	HF-3, HF-4	HF-0,	HF-2	HF-1, HF	-4, HF-5	H	F -3		
Size	Series	Vi	Speed	HF-2	HF-5	Int.	Cont.	Int.	Cont.	Int.	Cont.		
		in ³ /rev	RPM	RPM	RPM	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI		
	B03	.66											
	B05	1.05											
	B06	1.30											
	B08	1.61											
СМ	B10	2.08											
	B12	2.26	400	2800	1800	4000	3500	3000	2500	2500	2000		
СР	B14	2.81											
	B17	3.56											
	B20	3.89											
	B22	4.29											
	B25	4.84											
	B28	5.42		2500		3000	2300		2300				
	B31	6.10											
	B14	2.90											
	B17	3.55									2000		
	B20	4.03			1800	3500	3000	3000	2500	2500			
	B24	4.85											
DM	B28	5.47	400	2500									
DP	B31	6.00	-										
	B35	6.77	-										
	B38	7.34	-										
	B42	8.30											
	B45	8.89		2200									
	B50	9.64				3000	2300		2300				
	042	8.07											
	045	8.69											
FM	050	9.67	400	2200	1800	3500	3000	3000	2500	2500	2000		
EP	052	10.06	400	2200	1000	5500	5000	5000	2300	2300	2000		
	062	12.00	1										
	066	13.02											
	072	13.86											

HF-0, HF2 = Antiwear Petroleum Base

HF-1 = Non Antiwear Petroleum Base

HF-5 = Synthetic Fluids

HF-3 = Water in oil Emulsions

HF-4 = Water Glycols

For further information or if the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements, please consult your local DENISON Hydraulics office.

PRIMING AT STARTING

At first, start operation of the pump shaft at the lowest speed and at the lowest pressure to obtain priming. When a pressure relief valve is used at the outlet, it should be backed off to minimize return pressure.

When possible, an air bleed off should be provided in the circuit to facilitate purging of system air.

Never operate pump shaft at top speed and pressure without checking for completion of pump priming, and the fluid has no aeration disaerated.

MINIMUM ALLOWABLE INLET PRESSURE (PSI ABSOLUTE) - T6 SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

Cartridge										
Size	Series	1200	1500	1800	2100	2200	2300	2500	2800	Series
	B03									B03
	B05									B05
	B06					11.6	11.6	13.0	145	B06
	B08				11.6	11.0			14.5	B08
	B10				11.0					B10
СМ	B12	11.6	11.6	11.6			12.3	13.3		B12
СР	B14									B14
	B17					12.3		13.7	14.9	B17
	B20						13.0			B20
	B22				12.3	13.0		14.2	15.2	B22
	B25				13.0	13.7	13.7	15.2		B25
	B28					14.5	14.5	15.7		B28
	B31				12.3	13.0	14.5	16.1		B31
	B14	_								B14
	B17			11.6	11.6	12.8	13.7	14.5		B17
	B20	_								B20
	B24	_			11.9			15.9		B25
DM	B28	11.6	11.6	11.0	12.3	13.3	14.5	17.1		B28
DP	B31	_			13.0	13.7		17.8		B31
	B35	_			13.3	14.2	14.8	18.7		B35
	B38				13.7	14.5	15.2			B38
	B42	_				14.8	15.7	_		B42
	B45	_		12.3	14.2	115.2				B45
	B50				14.8	15.8				B50
	042	_			12.8					042
	045	_								045
FM	050	11.6	11.6	11.6	13.0	14.5				050
EP	052									052
	062			12.3	13.7					062
	066	12.3	12.3	13.7	14.5	15.8				066
	072			12.3		15.2				072

Inlet pressure is measured at inlet flange with petroleum base fluids at viscosity between 60 and 300 SUS. The difference between inlet pressure at the pump flange and atmospheric pressure must not exceed 2.9 PSI to prevent aeration.

Multiply absolute pressure by 1,25 for HF-3, HF-4 fluids. by 1,35 for HF-5 fluid.

by 1,10 for ester or rapeseed base.

Use highest cartridge absolute pressure for double & triple pump.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

	Mounting standard	Weight without connector and	Moment of inertia Lb.in ²	J518c -	SAE 4 b ISO/DIS 6162-1	olts - ⁴⁾ ISO/DIS 6162-2		
		bracket - Lbs		Suction		Pressure		
T6CM	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE B	34.0	2.6	1"1/2		1"		
T6CP		39.7	2.7	2" ⁴⁾		1"1/4 ⁴⁾		
T6D*	SAE J744c	53.0	7.9	2"	1"1/4 1"1/2		1"1/4	
T6E*	ISO/3019-1 SAE C	95.0	16.6	3"				
T6CC*	SAE J744c	57.3	5.1	2"1/2 or	P1	F	2	
	ISO/3019-1 SAE B			3"	1"	1" 01	: 3/4"	
T6DC*		80.7	10.4	3"	1"1/4	1	"	
T6EC*	SAE J744c	121.0	25.0	3"1/2	1"1/2	1	"	
T6ED*	ISO/3019-1 SAE C	145.5	25.0	4"	1"1/2	1"	1/4	
T6DCC*		134.5	12.7	4"	P1	P2	P3	
					1"1/4	1"	1" or 3/4"	
T6EDC*	SAE "E" (T6EDCS) ISO/3019-2 (T6EDCM)	220.4	27.4	4"	1"1/2	1"1/4	1" or 3/4"	

CALCULATION

To resolve	
Volumetric displace	ment Vi [in ³ /rev.]
Available flow	qv [GPM]
Input power	P [HP]

Performances required										
Requested flow	qv	[GPM]	15.8							
Speed	n	[R.P.M.]	1500							
Pressure	р	[PSI]	2200							

ROUTINE AND EXAMPLE

Routine :

1. First calculation $Vi = \frac{231 Q}{n}$

2. Choice Vi of pump immediately greater (see tabulation)

3. Theoretical flow of this pump $q_{Vi} = \frac{Vp \ x \ n}{231}$

4. Find qv_s leakage function of pressure $qv_s = f(p)$ on curve at 60 or 115 SUS

6. Theoretical input power $Pi = \frac{qvi x p}{1714}$

5. Available flow $q_{Ve} = q_{Vi} - q_{Vs}$

7. Find ps hydrodynamic power loss on curve

8. Calculation of necessary input power P = Pi + Ps

9. Results

 $Vi = \frac{231 x 15.8}{1500} = 2.43 \text{ in}^3/\text{rev}.$

Example :

T6CM B14 Vi = $2.81 \text{ in}^3/\text{rev}$.

 $q_{\rm VI} = \frac{2.81 \ x \ 1500}{231} = 18.2 \ \rm{GPM}$

T6CM (page 10) : $q_{VS} = 1.3$ GPM at 2200 PSI, 115 SUS

 $q_{Ve} = 18.2 - 1.3 = 16.9 \text{ GPM}$

 $\mathrm{Pi} = \frac{18.2 \ x \ 2200}{1714} = 23.4 \ \mathrm{HP}$

T6CM (page10) : Ps at 1500 R.P.M., 2200 PSI = 2.1 HP

P = 23.4 + 2.1 = 25.5 HP

Vi = $2.81 \text{ in}^3/\text{rev}$ $q_{Ve} = 16.96 \text{ GPM}$ T6CM B14 P = 25,50 HP

These calculation steps must be followed for each application.

INTERMITTENT PRESSURE RATING

Pressure (PSI)

T6 units may be operated intermittently at pressures higher than the recommended continuous rating when the time weighted average of pressure is less than or equal to the continuous duty pressure rating.

This intermittent pressure rating calculation is only valid if other parameters; speed, fluid, viscosity and contamination level are respected.

For total cycle time higher than 15 minutes, please consult your DENISON Hydraulics representative.

Example : T6CM - B14 Duty cycle 4 min. at 4000 PSI 1 min. at 500 PSI 5 min. at 2300 PSI

$$\frac{(4 x 4000) + (1 x 500) + (5 x 2300)}{10} = 2800 \text{ PSI}$$

 $2800\ \text{PSI}$ is lower than 3500 PSI allowed as continuous pressure for T6CM - B14 with HF-0 fluid.

DESCRIPTION - T6 SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION



APPLICATION ADVANTAGES

- The high pressure capability to 4000 PSI, in the small envelope, reduces installation costs and provides extended life at reduced pressure.
- The high volumetric efficiency, typically 94%, reduces heat generation, and allows speeds down to 400 RPM at full pressure.
- The high mechanical efficiency, typically 94%, reduces energy consumption.
- The wide speed range from 400 RPM to 2800 RPM, combined with large size cartridge displacements, will optimize operation for the lowest noise level in the smallest envelope.
- The low speed 400 RPM, low pressure, high viscosity 9240 SUS allow application in cold environments with minimum energy consumption and without seizure risk.
- The low ripple pressure ± 29 PSI reduces piping noise and increases life time of other components in the circuit.
- The high resistance to particle contamination because of the double lip vane increases pump life.
- The large variety of options (cam displacement, shaft, porting) allows customized installation.
- The shaft option T (SAE J718c), allows direct drive (at 540 or 1000 RPM) on tractors.
- The double shaft seal (T6*P version) and drain hole allow direct mounting onto gear boxes.

SHAFTS AND HYDRAULIC FLUIDS - T6 SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION

RECOMMENDED FLUIDS	Petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids. These fluids are the recommended fluids for T6 series pumps. Maximum catalog ratings and performance data are based on operation with these fluids. These fluids are covered by DENISON Hydraulics HE-0 and HE-2 specification						
ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATE FLUIDS	The use of fluids other than petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids, requires maximum ratings of the pumps will be reduced. In some cases the r replenishment pressures must be increased. Consult specific sections for more	s that the ninimum details.					
VISCOSITY	Max (cold start, low speed & pressure)9240Max (full speed & pressure)500Optimum (max. life)140Min (full speed & pressure for HF-1, HF-3, HF-4 & HF-5 fluids)90Min (full speed & pressure for HF-0 & HF-2 fluids)60) (SUS) (SUS) (SUS) (SUS) (SUS) (SUS)					
VISCOSITY INDEX	90° min. higher values extend range of operating temperatures. Maximum fluid temperature (θ) °F HF-3, HF-4 HF-5 Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base) Minimum fluid temperature (θ) °F HF-0, HF-1, HF-2, HF-5 HF-3, HF-4	+212 + 122 + 158 + 149 -0.4 + 50					
FLUID CLEANLINESS	Biodegradable fluids (esters & rapeseed base) The fluid must be cleaned before and during operation to maintain contaminat of NAS 1638 class 8 (or ISO 18/14) or better. Filters with 25 micron (or better ß nominal ratings may be adequate but do not guarantee the required cleanliness Suction strainers must be of adequate size to provide minimum inlet pressure s 100 mesh (149 micron) is the finest mesh recommended. Use oversize strainer them altogether on applications which require cold starts or use fire resistant fl	- - 4.4 tion level 10 \leq 100) levels. specified. rs or omit luids.					
OPERATING TEMPERATURES AND VISCOSITIES	Operating temperatures are a function of fluid viscosities, fluid type, and the Fluid viscosity should be selected to provide optimum viscosity at normal of temperatures. For cold starts the pumps should be operated at low speed and until fluid warms up to an acceptable viscosity for full power operation.	ne pump. operating pressure					
WATER CONTAMINATION IN THE FLUID	 Maximum acceptable content of water. 0,10 % for mineral base fluids. 0,05 % for synthetic fluids, crankcase oils, biodegradable fluids. If amount of water is higher, then it should be drained off the circuit. 						
COUPLINGS AND FEMALE SPLINES	 The mating female spline should be free to float and find its own center members are rigidly supported, they must be aligned within .006 TIR or less fretting. The angular alignment of two spline axes must be less than ± .002 radius. The coupling spline must be lubricated with a lithium molydisulfide gressimilar lubricant. The coupling must be hardened to a hardness between 27 and 45 R.C. The female spline must be made to conform to the Class 1 fit as desc SAE-J498b (1971). This is described as a Flat Root Side Fit. 	r. If both to reduce 2" per 1" ease or a cribed in					
KEYED SHAFTS	DENISON Hydraulics supplies the T6 series keyed shaft pumps with high heat-treated keys. Therefore, when installing or replacing these pumps, the heat keys must be used in order to insure maximum life in the application. If the replaced it must be a heat-treated key between 27 and 34 R.C. hardness. The c the keys must be chamfered from .030" to .040 at 45° to clear radii in the keys	strength at-treated he key is corners of way.					
NOTE	Alignment of keyed shafts must be within tolerances given for splined shafts.						
SHAFT LOADS	These products are designed primarily for coaxial drives which do not impose side loading on the shaft. Consult specific sections for more details.	e axial or					



POWER LOSS HYDROMECHANICAL (TYPICAL)

PERMISSIBLE RADIAL LOAD



Maximum permissible axial load Fa = 270 Lbs





Additional T6DM shaft code T: see page 33 Additional T6DP shaft version shaft see page 33

OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]





Shaft torque limits [in ³ /rev x PSI]								
Pump Shaft V x p max.								
T6DM	2	30638						

Series	Volumetric	Speed]	Flow Q [GPM		Input power P [HP]			
	Displacement Vp	n [R.P.M.]	p = 0 PSI	p = 2000 PSI	p = 3500 PSI	p = 100 PSI	p = 2000 PSI	p = 3500 PSI	
B14	2.90 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	15.09 22.64	12.91 20.46	11.27 18.82	2.44 4.02	19.60 29.31	33.20 49.34	
B17	3.55 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	18.45 27.68	16.27 25.50	14.63 23.86	2.64 4.31	23.52 35.20	40.06 59.64	
B20	4.00 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	20.92 31.39	18.74 29.21	17.10 27.57	2.78 4.53	26.41 39.52	45.11 67.21	
B24	4.80 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	25.20 37.81	23.02 35.63	21.38 33.99	3.03 4.91	31.40 47.02	53.85 80.32	
B28	5.50 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	28.44 42.66	26.26 40.48	24.62 38.84	3.22 5.19	35.17 52.68	60.45 90.23	
B31	6.00 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	31.17 46.75	28.99 44.57	27.35 42.93	3.38 5.43	38.36 57.45	66.02 98.58	
B35	6.80 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	35.19 52.79	33.01 50.61	31.37 48.97	3.61 5.78	43.05 64.50	74.24 110.91	
B38	7.30 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	38.14 57.21	35.96 55.03	34.32 53.39	3.79 6.04	46.49 69.66	80.26 119.94	
B42*	8.30 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	43.12 64.68	40.94 62.50	39.30 60.86	4.08 6.47	52.30 78.37	90.43 135.19	
B45*	8.90 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	46.19 69.29	44.01 67.11	42.37 65.47	4.26 6.74	55.89 83.75	96.71 144.61	
B50*	9.64 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	50.09 75.14	47.91 72.96	$\frac{46.73^{2)}}{71.78^{2)}}$	4.48 7.08	60.44 90.58	89.93 ²⁾ 134.54 ²⁾	
B50*	9.64 in ³ /rev	1200 1800	50.09 75.14	47.91 72.96	46.73 ²⁾ 71.78 ²⁾	6.74 4.48 7.08	60.44 90.58	89.93 ²⁾ 134.54 ²	

¹⁾ B42 - B45 - B50 = 2200 R.P.M. max.

²⁾ B50 = 3000 PSI max. int.

Port connection can be furnished with metric threads.

ADDITIONAL SHAFTS - T6 SERIES MOBILE APPLICATION



* Drain hole between double shaft seals.

ADDITIONAL SHAFT CODE T : 540 RPM POWER TAKE-OFF - SAE J718C FOR FARM TRACTORS



ADDITIONAL SPECIAL T6CCMW SHAFTS





Shaft torque limits **T6CCMW** - 28937 [in³/rev x PSI] **T6DCMW** - 58990 [in³/rev x PSI] **T6EM - T6ECM - T6EDM** - 63256 [in³/rev x PSI]



Shaft Code X Shaft torgue limits





Shaft Code W Shaft torque limits 28937 [in³/rev x PSI]



Parker Hannifin Denison Vane Pump Division Vierzon - France T6CC* - T6DC* - T6EC*

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T6ED*

T6DCCM - T6EDC*

Parker Hannifin Denison Vane Pump Division Vierzon - France T6DCCM - T6EDC*

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