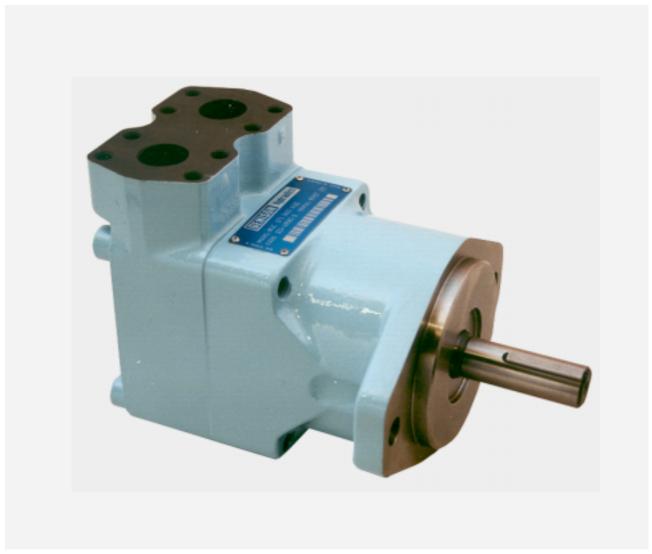


# Vane motors Single & double M3B - M4 / M4S series



Publ. 2 - AM 157 - B 07 / 97 / FB Replaces : 2 - AM 157 - A



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#### **CHARACTERISTICS - M3\* AND M4\* SERIES**



HIGH STARTING TORQUE EFFICIENCY

The high starting torque efficiency of vane type motors makes them especially applicable in load hoist winch drives, swing drives and propulsion drives. This high starting torque efficiency allows the motor to start under high load without pressure overshoots, jerks and high instantaneous horsepower loads.

HIGH VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY

Vane motors begin life with high volumetric efficiency and maintain that efficiency throughout their operating life.

LOW TORQUE RIPPLE AT LOW SPEED

When operating at very low speeds on applications such as swing and load hoist drives, the vane motor exhibits very low torque ripple.

2 AND 3-SPEED VERSIONS AVAILABLE

The M4DC, because of its unequal size cartridges, allows the use of-3 speed operation. This makes them more applicable in traction drive circuits to replace manually shifted gear-boxes. 2-speed motors are available in a wider range of ratios than standard gear motors.

**BALANCED DESIGN** 

Vane, rotor and cam ring are pressure balanced to increase life and efficiency over full speed range.

INTERCHANGEABLE ROTATING GROUPS

Rotating groups may be easily replaced to renew the motor or change displacement to suit altered requirements for speed or torque.

**REVERSIBLE ROTATION** 

The motors may be stopped or reversed repeatedly and rapidly driving or braking the connected shaft load at controlled torque levels.

**WIDE SPEED RANGE** 

Starting to maximum RPM, with full torque capability during acceleration.

**PORTS AND MOUNTING** 

Conform fully to SAE J744c (ISO-3019-1) standards to simplify refitting and installation.

**FIRE RESISTANT FLUIDS** 

Are easily used in the standard M3B and M4\* versions of these motors. These include phosphate or organic ester fluids and blends, water-glycol solutions and water-oil invert emulsions.

M3B AND M4\* SERIES MOTORS

The M3B and M4\* have been designed especially for severe duty applications which require high pressure up to 3400 PSI, high speed up to 4000 RPM and low fluid lubricity (HF-1, HF-2A, HF-3, HF-4, HF-5).

#### **TECHNICAL DATA - M3B AND M4\* SERIES**

			Theor. Displ.	Torque T	Power at	Torque T	Power P	
Series Size		Displ.	$V_{i}$		100 Rev/min	$n = 2000 \text{ RPM at } \Delta \text{ p } 2500 \text{ PSI}$		
			in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	in.lbf/PSI	HP/100 PSI	in.lbf	HP	
		009	.56	0.08	0.014	174.3	5.8	
		012	.75	0.11	0.018	236.3	7.8	
M3	B B1	018	1.13	0.19	0.030	412.4	13.4	
	DI	027	1.70	0.30	0.046	680.5	21.8	
		036	2.26	0.38	0.060	902.6	28.3	
		024	1.49	0.24	0.037	535.4	17.0	
		027	1.72	0.28	0.043	619.5	19.7	
	C C1	031	2.11	0.33	0.054	768.0	24.1	
	SC	043	2.84	0.45	0.072	1062.0	33.6	
	SC1	055	3.59	0.57	0.091	1318.6	41.8	
		067	4.34	0.69	0.111	1504.5	47.7	
		075	4.89	0.78	0.120	1752.2	55.6	
		062	3.97	0.63	0.102	1460.0	46.4	
	-	074	4.69	0.75	0.120	1770.0	56.2	
M4	D D1	088	5.56	0.88	0.139	2088.5	66.2	
	SD	102	6.44	0.96	0.166	2336.3	74.1	
	SD1	113	7.12	1.13	0.185	2655.0	84.2	
		128	8.08	1.28	0.203	3009.0	95.5	
		138	8.81	1.40	0.222	3292.0	104.5	
	Е	153	9.67	1.54	0.240	3522.0	111.8	
	E1	185	11.69	1.86	0.296	4283.2	136.0	
	SE/SE1	214	13.55	2.16	0.342	5017.7	159.3	
	DC DC1 SDC SDC1		So	ee M4C/C1/SC/SC	C1 and M4D/D1/SD	/SD1		

Internal drain: All these motors may be equiped with internal drain. Then the model numbers will be M3B1, M4C1, M4SC1, M4D1, M4SD1, M4E1, M4SD1, M4SD1, M4SDC1.

For further information or if the performance characteristics outlined above do not meet your own particular requirements, please consult your local DENISON Hydraulics office.

# **GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS**

	Mounting standard	Weight without connector and bracket - lbs	Moment of inertia lb.in <sup>2</sup>	Option for inlet and outlet port	
МЗВ	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE A	17.6	1.03	SAE threaded SAE 4 bolt J718c ISO/DIS 6162-1 - 3/4" BSPP threaded	
M4C/SC	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE B	34.0	2.7	SAE threaded SAE 4 bolt J718c ISO/DIS 6162-1 - 1"	
M4D/SD	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE C	59.5	1.4	SAE threaded SAE 4 bolt J718c ISO/DIS 6162-1 - 1"1/4	
M4E/SE	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE C	99.0	20.0	SAE threaded SAE 4 bolt J718c ISO/DIS 6162-1 - 2"	
M4DC/SDC	SAE J744c ISO/3019-1 SAE C	88.0	10.0	SAE 4 bolt J718c ISO/DIS 6162-1 - 1"1/4	P2 = See M4C/M4SC

#### MAXIMUM SPEED, PRESSURE RATINGS - M3B AND M4\* SERIES

				Max. pressure		Operating Max. speed		Max. speed for max. pressure ratings							
			HF-0	HF-2A		HF-3	-3 HF-4 pressure for low		for low loaded condition 1)	HF-0,	HF-2	HF.		Н	
Series	Size	Displ.	HF-2			HF-5		range drain	condition 1)	Cont.	Int. <sup>2)</sup>	Cont.	Int. <sup>2)</sup>	Cont.	Int. <sup>2)</sup>
			PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	RPM			RPM			
		009	2500												
M3	В	012						22	4000	3000	3600				
IVIS	В1	018	3000					22	4000	3000	3000				
		027	3000												
		036													
		024 027													ı
	C	031													
	C1	043	2500	2500	2500										
		055	2300	2300	2300										
		067													
		075							4000	2500	3600	2500	3000	2000	2500
		024													
	SC	027	3400	3000											
	SC1	031	3100	3000											
		043	2000	2000	2500	2500	2000								
		055 067	3000	3000											
		075	2500	2500											
		062	2300	2300				-	<u> </u>						
		074			2000										
	D	088	2500	2500											
	D1	102	2300	2300				1							
		113													
		128													
		138							4000	2500	3000 2500	2500	2800	2000	2500
		062	3400	2700				50							
M4		074 088	3100	2700				50							
	SD SD1	102	3000	2700	2000	2000	2000								
	3D1	113	3000	2700											
		128	2700	2700											
		138	2500	2500											
		153													
	E E1	185	2500	2500	2000										
	ы	214							3600	2500	3000	2500	2800	1800	2200
	SE	153	2700	2500	2000	2000	2000								
	SE1	185 214	2600 2500	2300	2000	2000	2000								
	DC	All	2500	2500	2000										
	DC1	models	2300	2500	2000										
	SDC SDC1	D-062 at 088			-										
		C-024 at 043	3400	2700											
		D-102													
		D-113	3000	2700	2000	2000	2000		4000	2500	3000	2500	2800	2000	2500
		C-055	2000	2700											
		C-067													
		D-128	2500	2500											
		D-138 C-075	2500	2300											
		C-0/3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

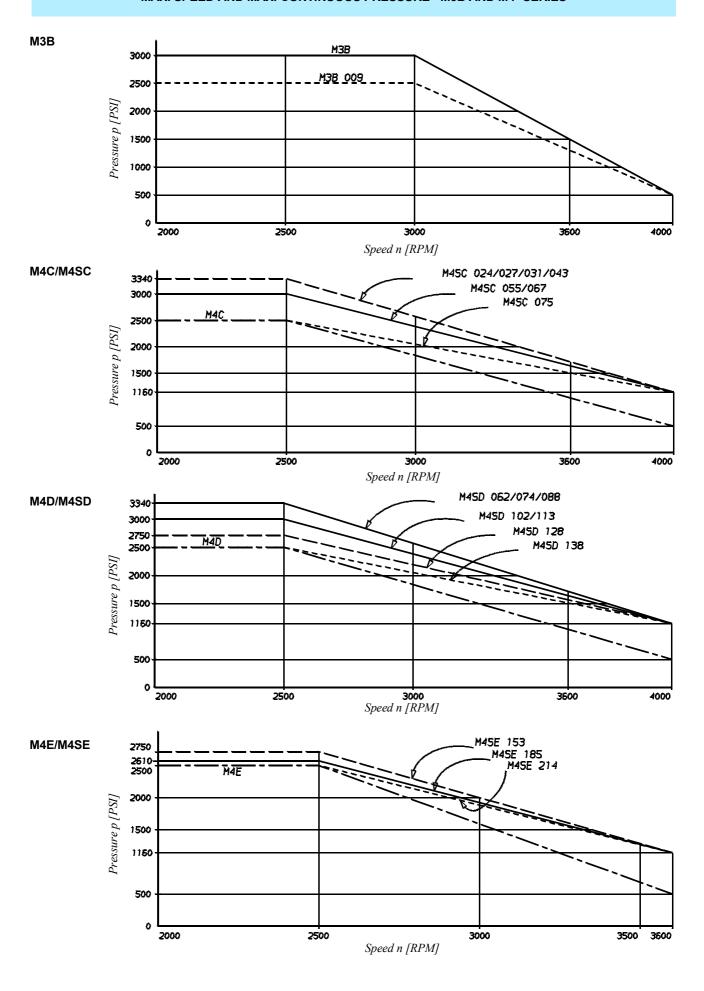
<sup>1)</sup> Low loaded condition 500 PSI for M3 and M4, 1160 PSI max. for M4S (see page 6).

<sup>2)</sup> Intermittent speed - Do not exceed 6 seconds per minute of operation.

HF-0, HF-2 = Antiwear petroleum base. HF-2A = Crankcase. HF-1 = Non antiwear petroleum base. HF-5 = Synthetic fluids.

HF-3 = Water in oil emulsions. HF-4 = Water glycols.

Internal drain: All these motors may be equiped with internal drain. Then the model numbers will be M3B1, M4C1, M4SC1, M4D1, M4SD1, M4SD1, M4SD1, M4SD1, M4SD1.



#### **MOTOR SELECTION - M3B AND M4\* SERIES**

Performances required

Torque T [in.lbf] 1240

Pump flow (available)

at 115 SUS q<sub>Ve</sub> [GPM] 30.4

Speed n [RPM] 1500

Pressure p [PSI] 2500

1. Check if available power is compatible with required power (0.85 estimated overall efficiency).

$$0.85 \ x \frac{Q \ Vex \ p}{1714} \ge \frac{T \ x \ RPM}{63025}$$
$$0.85 \ x \frac{30.4 \ x \ 2500}{1714} \ge \frac{1240 \ x \ 1500}{63025}$$
$$37.7 > 29.5$$

#### Two ways of calculation:

2a.Calculate V<sub>i</sub> from T required torque

$$V_i = \frac{2 \pi x T}{p} = \frac{2 \pi x 1240}{2500} = 3.12 \text{ in}^3/_{rev.}$$

3a. Motor choose from  $V_i$  immediately greater

 $M4C\ 055\ V_i = 3.59\ in^3/rev.$ 

4a. Check real motor pressure for T = 1240 in.lbf around 1500 RPM M4C 055 T = 1240 in.lbf n = 1500 RPM p = 2370 PSI (see page 15)

5a. Flow loss M4C 055 at 2370 PSI at 115 SUS

 $q_{\rm Vs} = 4.2$  GPM (see page 22)

Real flow used by the motor:

 $qV = q_{Ve} - q_{Vs} = 30.4 - 4.2 = 26.2 GPM$ 

6a. Real speed of the motor:

$$n = \frac{q_{V} \times 231}{V_i} = \frac{26.2 \times 231}{3.59} = 1686 RPM$$

2b. Calculate  $V_i$  from  $q_{Ve}$  available flow

$$V_i = \frac{30.4 \times 231}{1500} = 4.68 \text{ in}^3/\text{rev}.$$

3b. Motor choose from  $V_i$  immediately

 $M4C\ 067\ V_i = 4.34\ in^3/rev.$  (see page 22)

4b. Check motor press. with T = 1240 in.lbf at 1500 RPM

 $M4C\ 067\ T = 1240\ in.lbf\ n = 1500\ RPM$  $p = 2030\ PSI\ (see page\ 15)$ 

5b. Flow loss of M4C 067 at 2030 PSI at 115 SUS

 $q_{\text{Vs}} = 3.7 \text{ GPM (see page 22)}$ 

Real flow used by the motor:

 $qV = qV_e - qV_s = 30.4 - 3.7 = 26.7 GPM$ 

6b. Real speed of the motor:

$$n = \frac{qVx 231}{V_i} = \frac{26.7 \times 231}{4.34} = 1420 \text{ RPM}$$

Real performances

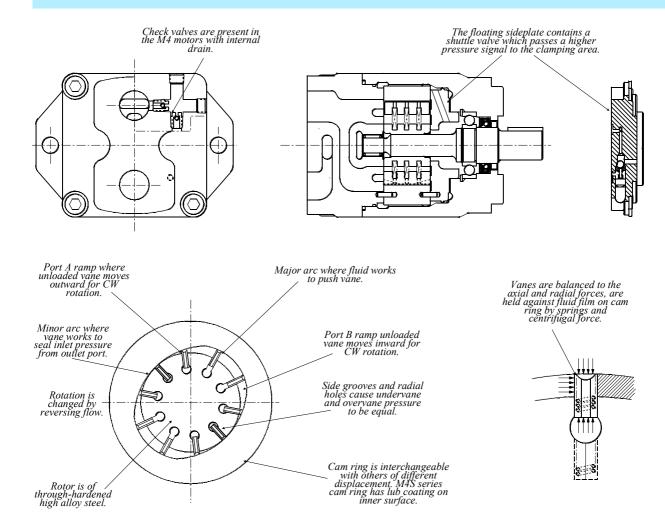
Real performances

$$V_i$$
 = 4.34 in<sup>3</sup>/rev.  
n = 1420 RPM  
T = 1240 in.lbf  
p = 2030 PSI

 $M4C~067$ 

In each case always choose the smallest motor which will operate at the highest speed and pressure, and offers the most efficient solution.

#### **DESCRIPTION - M3\* AND M4\* SERIES**



#### OPERATION -SINGLE CARTRIDGE

- The motor shaft is driven by the rotor. Vanes, closely fitted into the rotor slots
  move radially to seal against the cam ring. The ring has two major and two minor
  radial sections joined by transitional sections called ramps. These contours and the
  pressures exposed to them are balanced diametrically.
- Light springs urge the vanes radially against the cam contour assuring a seal at zero speed so the motor can develop starting torque. The springs are assisted by centrifugal force at higher speeds. Radial grooves and holes through the vanes equalize radial hydraulic forces on the vanes at all times. Fluid enters and leaves the motor cartridge through opening in the side plates at the ramps. Each motor port connects to two diametrically opposed ramps. Pressurized fluid entering at Port A torques the rotor clockwise. The rotor transports it to the ramp openings which connect to Port B from which it returns to the low pressure side of the system. Pressure at Port B torques the rotor counter-clockwise.
- The rotor is separated axially from the sideplate surfaces by the fluid film. The
  front sideplate is clamped against the cam ring by the pressure, maintains optimum
  clearance as dimensions change with temperature and pressure. A 3-way shuttle
  valve in the sideplate causes clamping pressure in Port A or B, whichever is the
  highest.
- Materials are chosen for long life efficiency. Vanes, rotor and cam ring are made out of hardened high alloy steels. Cast semi-steel sideplates are chemically etched to have a fine crystalline surface for good lubrication at start-up.

#### PORTS AND HYDRAULIC FLUIDS - M3B AND M4\* SERIES

PORTS
EXTERNALLY DRAINED
SINGLE CARTRIDGE MOTORS

These motors may be alternately pressurized at Ports A & B to 3400 PSI max. Whichever port is at low pressure should not be subjected to more than 500 PSI. If it is necessary to exceed these limitations, please contact DENISON Hydraulics for application assistance.

INTERNALLY DRAINED TANDEM CARTRIDGE MOTORS

These motors must have a drain line connected to the center housing drain connection of sufficient size to prevent back pressure in excess of 50 PSI, and returned to the reservoir below the surface of the oil as far away from the supply pump suction as possible. Model M4DC1 does not require an external drain line, however the outlet pressure must not exceed 50 PSI.

INTERNALLY DRAINED MOTORS (M4C1, M4D1, M4E1, M4DC1) May be alternately pressurized at Ports A & B to 3400 PSI max. Whichever port is at low pressure must not be subjected to more than 22 PSI for M3B, 50 PSI for M4\* (pressure peak 100 PSI).

To insure maximum motor performance in conjunction with your specific application, consult your DENISON Hydraulics Representative if your application requires:

- minimum speed of less than 100 RPM,
- indirect drive,
- overrunning loads,
- · braking or retarding.

**M4S SEVERE DUTY MOTORS** 

M4S motors are recommended to be used when back pressure is over 2000 PSI and speed is over 2000 RPM. They are also recommended when fluid viscosity can be under 115 SUS and speed over 2000 RPM. For such severe duty applications M4S motors will exhibity longer life time at high efficiency.

**RECOMMENDED FLUIDS** 

Petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids.

These fluids are the recommended fluids for M3B and M4\* series motors. Maximum catalog ratings and performance data are based on operation with these fluids. These fluids are covered by DENISON Hydraulics HF-0 and HF-2 specifications.

Acceptable alternate fluids:

ACCEPTABLE ALTERNATE FLUIDS

The use of fluids other than petroleum based antiwear R & O fluids requires that the maximum ratings of the motors will be reduced. In some cases, the minimum replenishment pressures must be increased. Refer to the following chart and the operating characteristics chart for each M3B and M4\* motor model for specific details of the reduced ratings.

**VISCOSITY** 

Max. (cold start, low speed & pressure)	3900 SUS
Max. (full speed & pressure)	_ 500 SUS
Optimum (max. life)	140 SUS
Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-1 fluid)	89 SUS
Min. (full speed & pressure for HF-0 & HF-2 fluids)	59 SUS

**VISCOSITY INDEX** 

90° min. Higher values extend range of operating temperatures and life time. Maximum fluid temperature ( $\theta$ ) °F

HF-0, HF-1, HF-2 + 176° Minimum fluid temperature (θ) °F HF-0, HF-1, HF-2 - 0.4°

**FLUID CLEANLINESS** 

The fluid must be cleaned before and during operation to maintain contamination level of NAS 1638 class 8 (or ISO 18/14) or better. Filters with 25 micron (or better,  $\beta 10 \ge 100$ ) nominal ratings may be adequate but do not guarantee the required cleanliness levels.

OPERATING TEMPERATURES AND VISCOSITIES

Operating temperatures are a function of fluid viscosities, fluid type, and the pump. Fluid viscosity should be selected to provide optimum viscosity at normal operating temperatures. For cold starts the pumps should be operated at low speed and pressure until fluid warms up to an acceptable viscosity for full power operation.

WATER CONTAMINATION IN THE FLUID

Maximum acceptable content of water.

- 0,10 % for mineral base fluids.
- 0,05 % for synthetic fluids, crankcase oils, biodegradable fluids. If amount of water is higher then it should be drained off the circuit.

#### SHAFTS AND MINIMUM REPLENISHMENT PRESSURE (PSI) - M3B AND M4\* SERIES

# SPLINED SHAFTS COUPLINGS SPLINES

- The mating female spline should be free to float and find its own center. If both members are rigidly supported, they must be aligned within .006 TIR or less to reduce fretting. The angular alignment of two spline axes must be less than  $\pm$  .002 per 1".
- The coupling spline must be lubricated with a lithium molydisulfide grease or a similar lubricant.
- The coupling must be hardened to a hardness between 27 and 45 HRc.
- The female spline must be made to confom to the Class 1 fit as described in SAE-J498b (1971). This is described as a Flat Root Side Fit.

**KEYED SHAFT** 

DENISON Hydraulics supplies the M3B and M4\* series keyed shaft motors with high strength heat-treated keys. Therefore, when installing or replacing these motors, the heat-treated keys must be used in order to ensure maximum life in the application. If the key is replaced, it must be a heat-treated key between 27 and 34 R.C. hardness. The corners of the keys must be chamfered .03 to .04 at 45° to clear radii in the key way.

**NOTE** 

SHAFT LOADS

Alignment of keyed shafts must be within tolerances given for splined shafts.

Axial or radial load are permissible. Consult specific sections for more details.

### MINIMUM REPLENISHMENT PRESSURE (PSI)

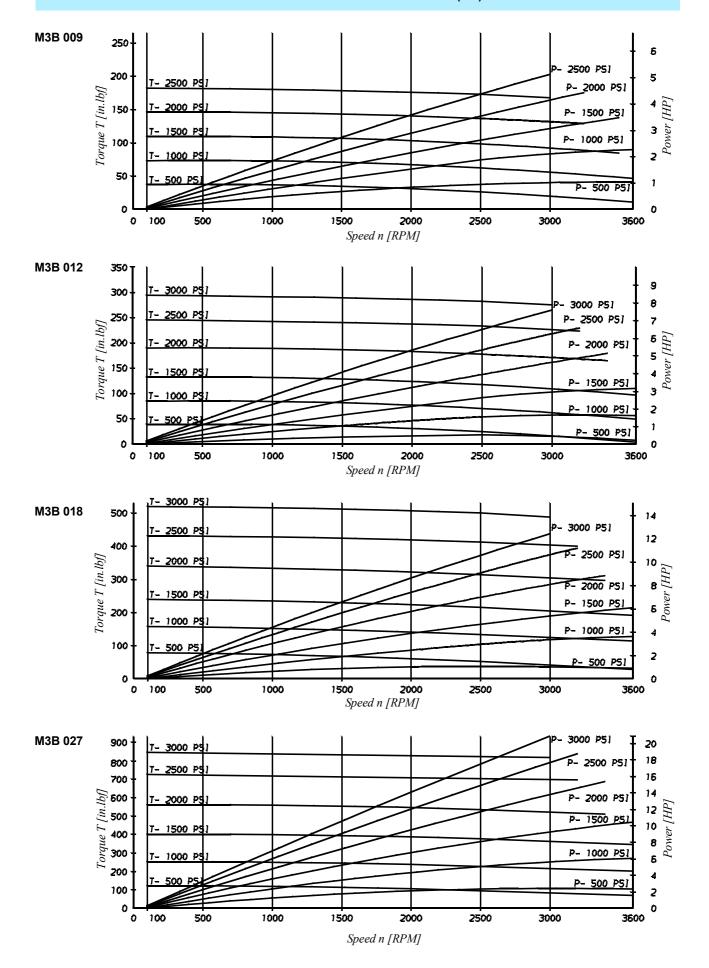
Series	Speed [RPM] - Oil viscosity = 150 SUS							
	500	1000	2000	3000	3600			
МЗВ	8.7	14.5	27.6	50.8	84.2			
M4C/SC	10.2	20.3	45.0	79.8	135.0			
M4D/SD	10.2	20.3	45.0	79.8	135.0			
M4E/SE	20.3	40.6	75.5	159.6				
M4DC/SDC								
2-C-DC	24.7	55.1	145.1	325.1	410.7			
2-D-DC	16.0	24.7	79.8	155.3	219.2			
3-D-C-DC	24.7	55.1	145.1	325.1	410.7			

The inlet port of the fluid motor must be supplied with replenishment pressure as listed above to prevent cavitation during dynamic braking. These pressures should be multiplied by a coefficient of 1,5 for M4S motors used with fire resistant fluids (HF-3, HF-4, HF-5).

Replenishment pressure for tandem 2 & 3-speed motors must be provided during periods when the motor is dynamic braking, shutting down or coasting. When the motor is operating in the high speed mode and the nonworking cartridge is at low pressure, it is necessary to create a back pressure, as listed above, at the motor discharge port. The above mentioned minimum replenishment pressure chart is for maximum displacement cartridges. Smaller cartridges require lower minimum pressures.

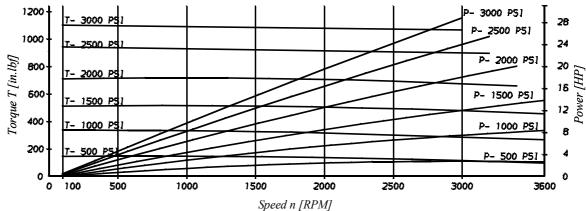
Contact DENISON Hydraulics for further information.

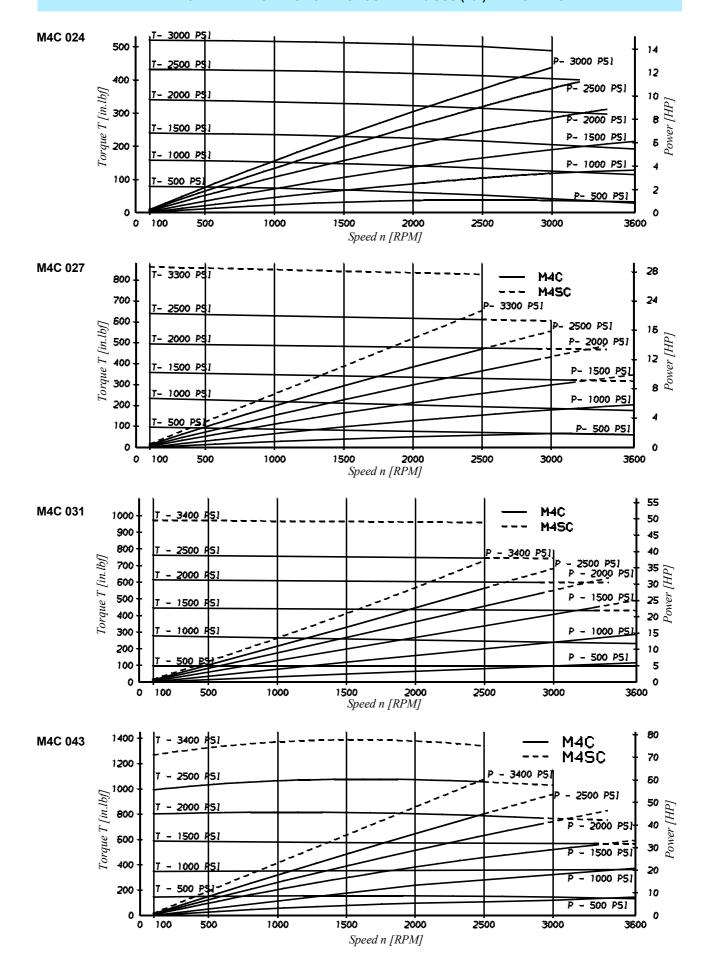
# NOTES - M3B AND M4\* SERIES



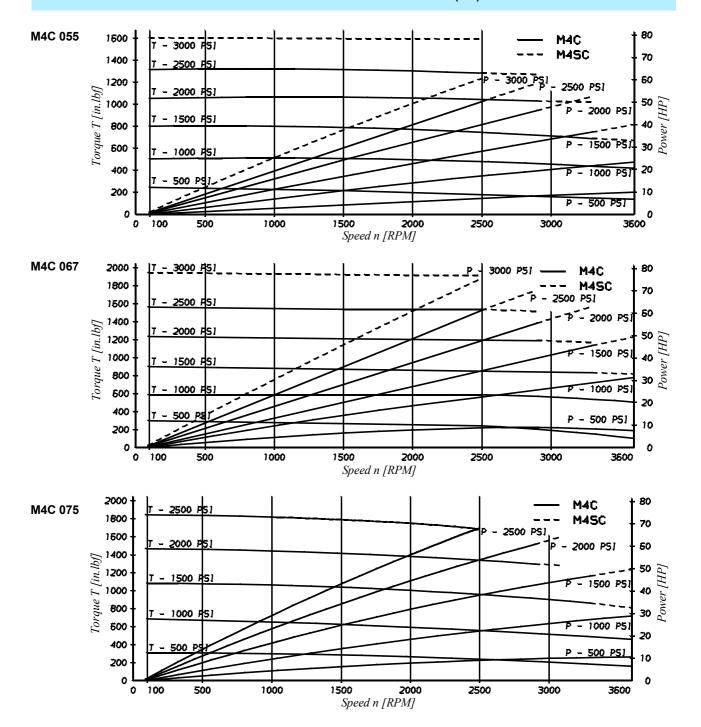
# PERFORMANCE CURVES - OIL VISCOSITY : 115 SUS (45°) - M3B SERIES



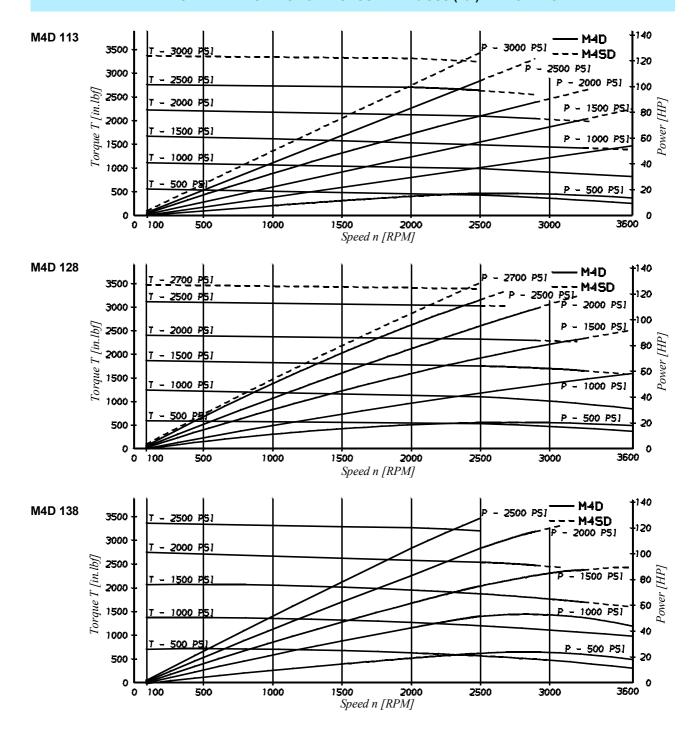


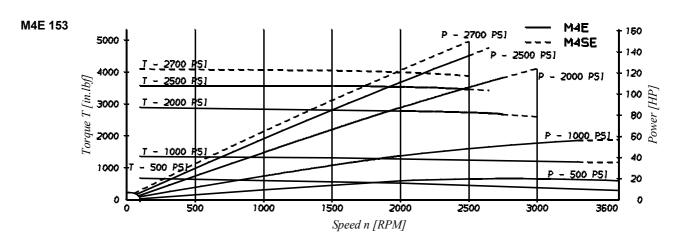


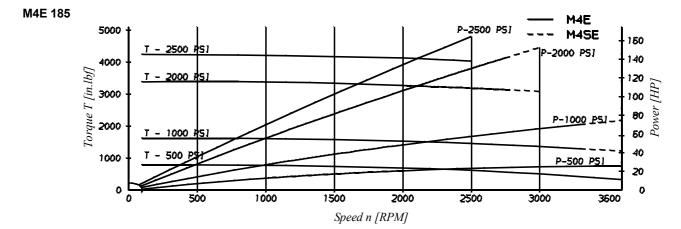
# PERFORMANCE CURVES - OIL VISCOSITY: 115 SUS (45°) - M4\* SERIES

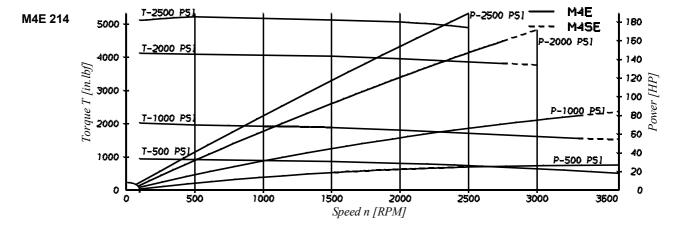


# PERFORMANCE CURVES - OIL VISCOSITY: 115 SUS (45°) - M4\* SERIES



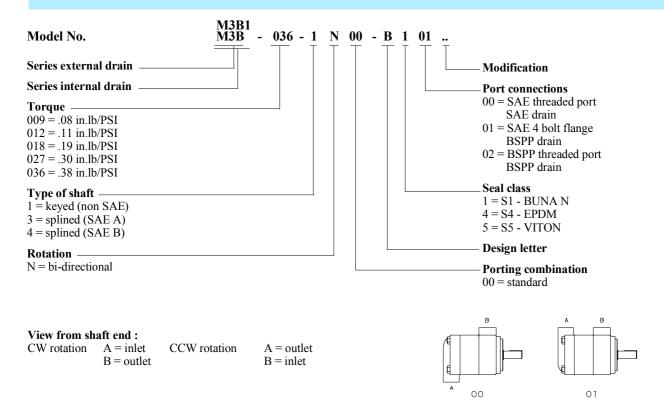


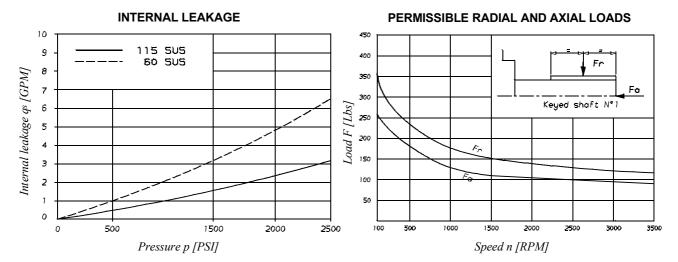




# **NOTES - M4\* SERIES**

# **ORDERING CODE - M3B SERIES**

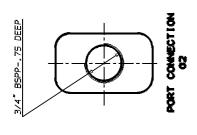


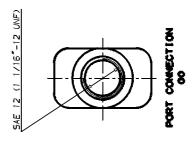


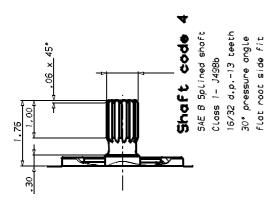
Do not apply Fr and Fa loads simultaneously

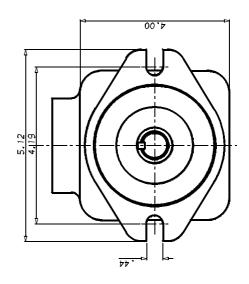
# **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]**

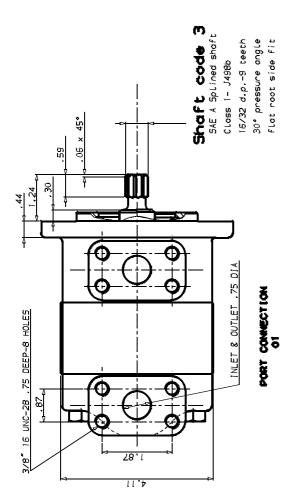
Model	Volumetric displacement V <sub>i</sub>	Input flow at	n = 2000 RPM	Torque T at n = 2000 RPM	Power output at n = 2000 RPM
		Theorical	at 2500 PSI ∆ p	at 2500 PSI Δ p	at 2500 PSI Δ p
	in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	GPM	GPM	in.lbf	HP
M3B 009	.56	4.9	8.0	174.3	5.8
M3B 012	.75	6.5	9.7	236.3	7.8
M3B 018	1.13	9.8	12.9	412.4	13.4
M3B 027	1.70	14.7	17.8	680.5	21.8
M3B 036	2.26	19.6	22.8	902.6	28.3

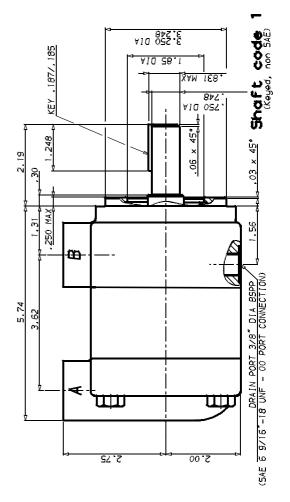




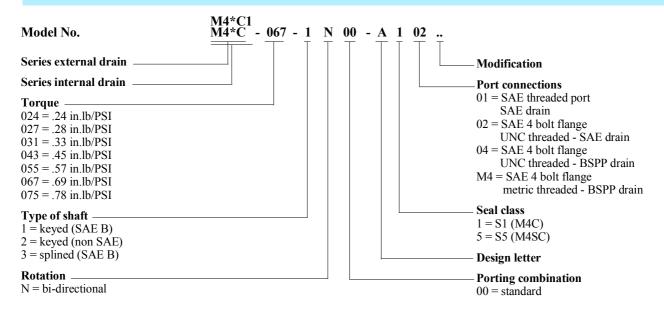








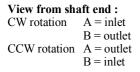
# **ORDERING CODE - M4C - M4SC SERIES**

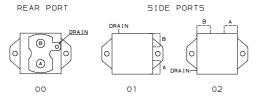


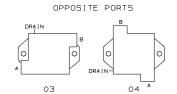
<sup>\* =</sup> S = Severe duty motor.

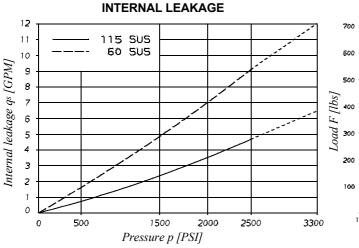
M4C1 - M4SC1: Drain port is plugged.

#### Porting combination









# 600 Fr Fα 500 Keyed shaft N°1

Fo

PERMISSIBLE RADIAL AND AXIAL LOADS

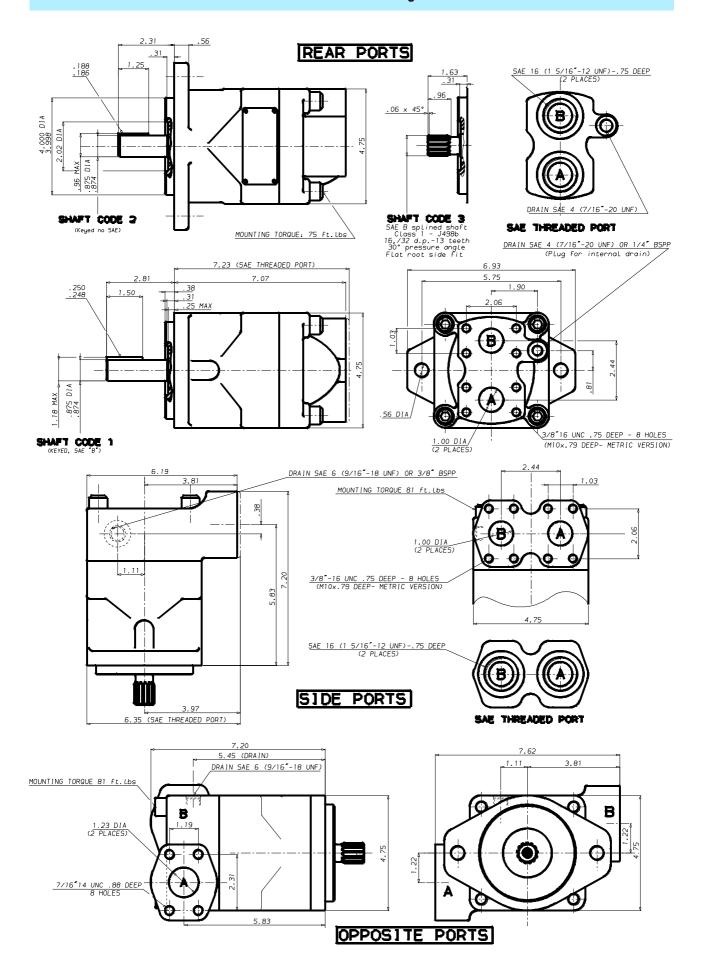
#### Speed n [RPM] Do not apply Fr and Fa loads simultaneously **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]**

Model	Volumetric displacement V <sub>i</sub>	Input flow at	n = 2000 RPM	Torque T at n = 2000 RPM	Power output at n = 2000 RPM
		Theorical	at 2500 PSI ∆ p	at 2500 PSI ∆ p	at 2500 PSI ∆ p
	in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	GPM	GPM	in.lbf	HP
M4C - M4SC 024	1.49	13.0	17.7	535.4	17.0
M4C - M4SC 027	1.72	14.8	19.5	619.5	19.7
M4C - M4SC 031	2.11	18.5	23.2	768.0	24.0
M4C - M4SC 043	2.84	24.6	29.3	1062.0	33.6
M4C - M4SC 055	3.59	31.2	36.0	1318.6	41.8
M4C - M4SC 067	4.34	37.5	42.3	1504.5	47.7
M4C - M4SC 075	4.89	42.3	47.0	1752.2	55.6

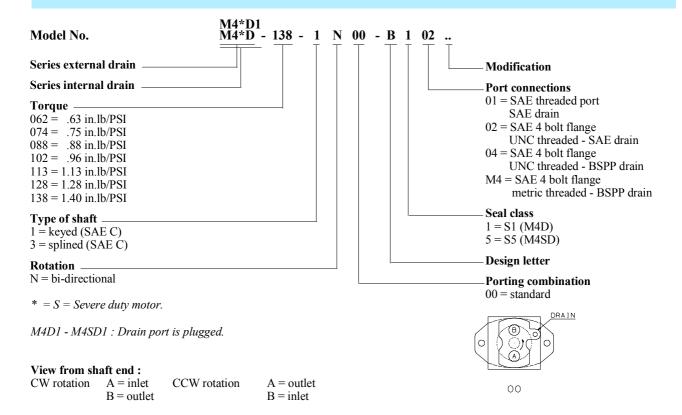
100

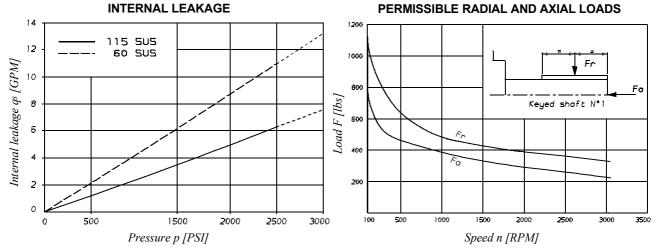
100

3500



# **ORDERING CODE - M4D - M4SD SERIES**

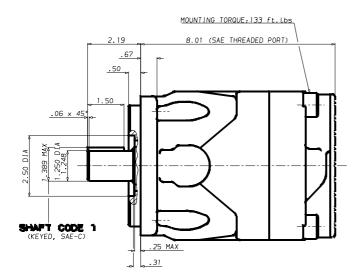


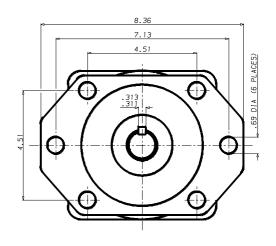


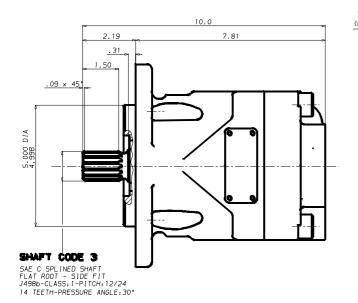
Do not apply Fr and Fa loads simultaneously

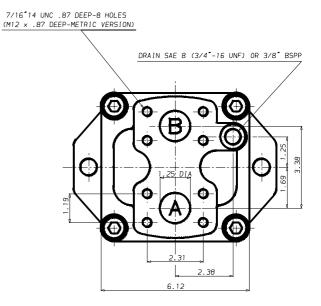
# **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]**

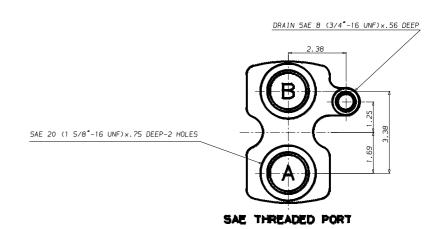
Model	Volumetric displacement V <sub>i</sub>	Input flow at	n = 2000 RPM	Torque T at n = 2000 RPM	Power output at n = 2000 RPM
		Theorical	at 2500 PSI Δ p	at 2500 PSI ∆ p	at 2500 PSI ∆ p
	in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	GPM	GPM	in.lbf	HP
M4D - M4SD 062	3.97	33.8	40.0	1460.0	46.4
M4D - M4SD 074	4.69	41.5	47.8	1770.0	56.2
M4D - M4SD 088	5.56	48.0	54.4	2088.5	66.2
M4D - M4SD 102	6.44	55.5	61.8	2336.3	74.1
M4D - M4SD 113	7.12	61.5	67.9	2655.0	84.2
M4D - M4SD 128	8.08	70.0	76.3	3009.0	95.5
M4D - M4SD 138	8.81	76.3	82.7	3292.0	104.5



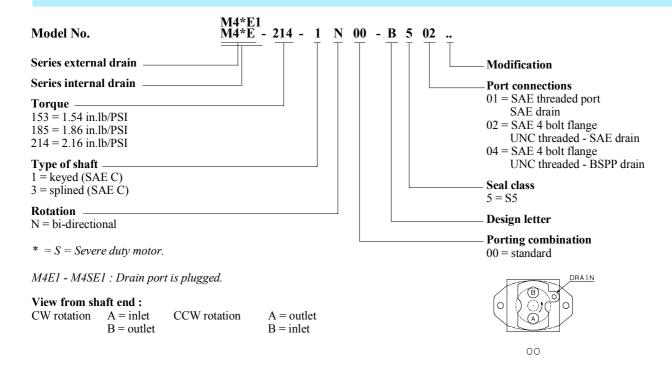


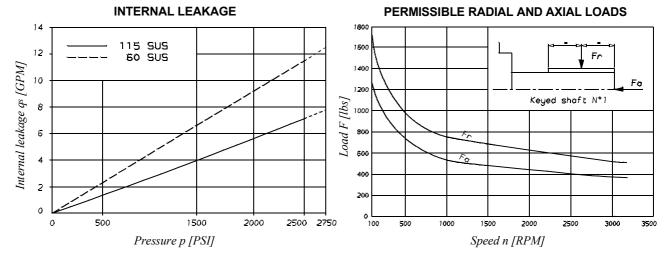






# **ORDERING CODE - M4E - M4SE SERIES**

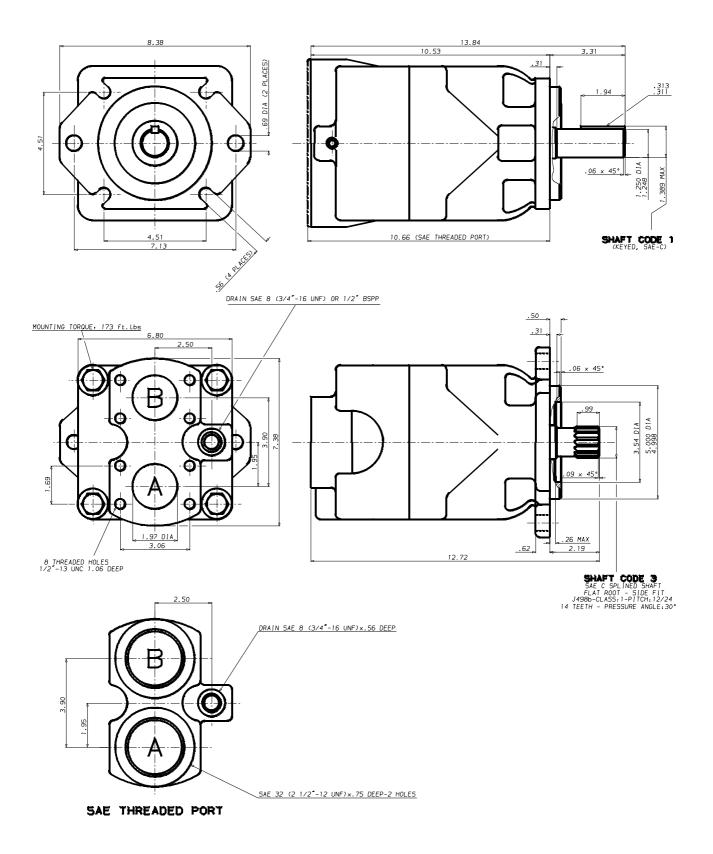


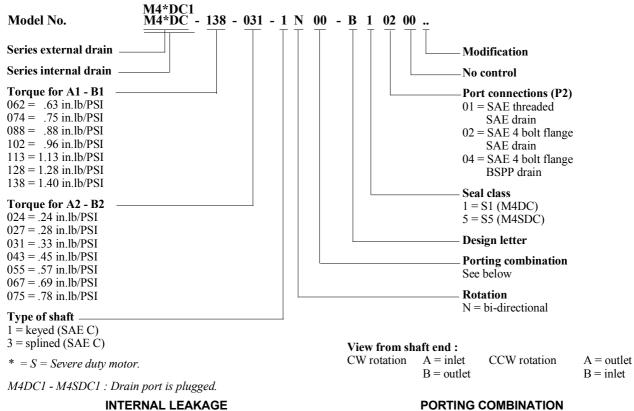


Do not apply Fr and Fa loads simultaneously

## **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]**

Model	Volumetric displacement V <sub>i</sub>	Input flow at	n = 2000 RPM	Torque T at n = 2000 RPM	Power output at n = 2000 RPM
		Theorical	at 2500 PSI Δ p	at 2500 PSI ∆ p	at 2500 PSI Δ p
	in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	GPM	GPM	in.lbf	HP
M4E - M4SE 062	9.67	83.7	90.6	3522.0	111.8
M4E - M4SE 074	11.69	101.2	108.0	4283.2	136.0
M4E - M4SE 088	13.55	117.3	124.2	5017.7	159.3





### **INTERNAL LEAKAGE**

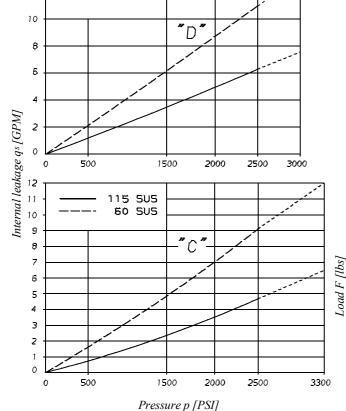
115 505

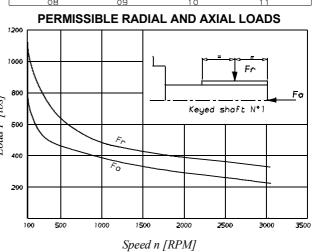
60 SUS

14

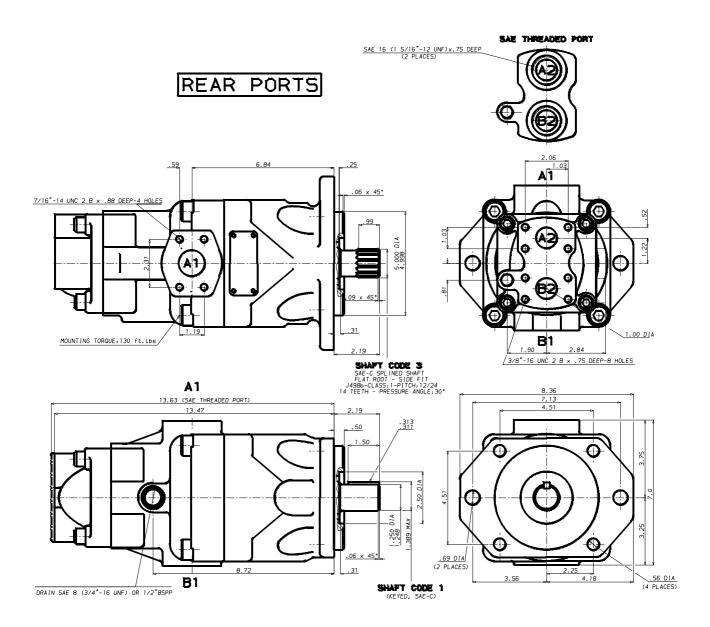
12

# SIDE PORTS (A) J A2 OR. 05 06 OPPOS1TE PORTS



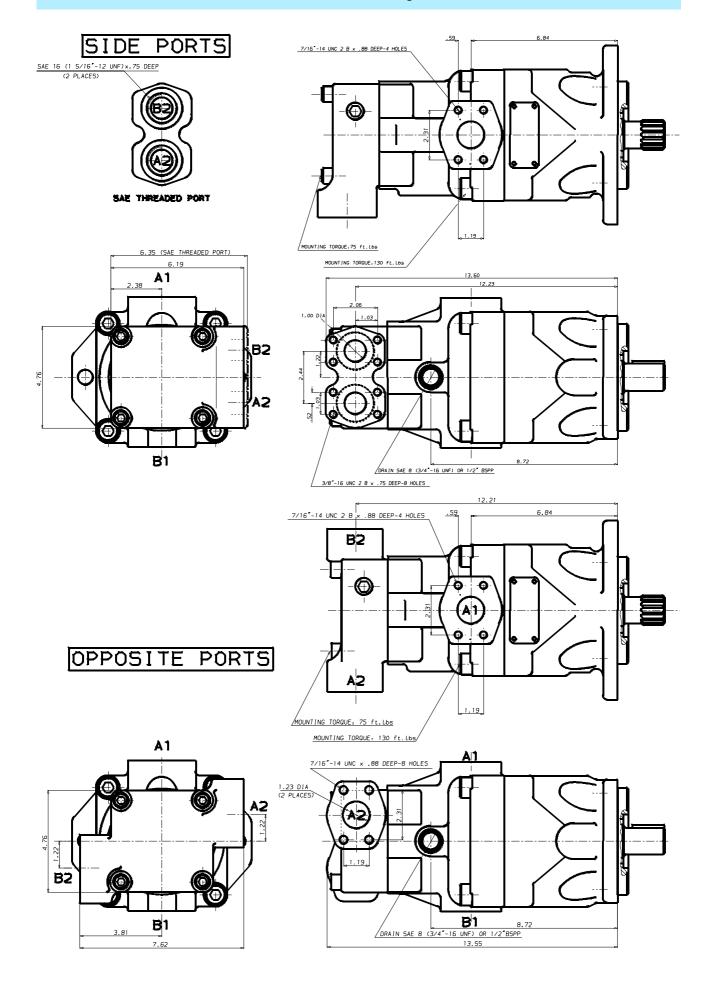


Do not apply Fr and Fa loads simultaneously



# **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS - TYPICAL [115 SUS]**

Model	Volumetric displacement				Power output at n = 2000 RPM
	$V_i$	Theorical	at 2500 PSI Δ p	at 2500 PSI Δ p	at 2500 PSI Δ p
	in <sup>3</sup> /rev.	GPM	GPM	in.lbf	HP
M4D - M4SD 062	3.97	33.8	40.0	1460.0	46.4
M4D - M4SD 074	4.69	41.5	47.8	1770.0	56.2
M4D - M4SD 088	5.56	48.0	54.4	2088.5	66.2
M4D - M4SD 102	6.44	55.5	61.8	2336.3	74.1
M4D - M4SD 113	7.12	61.5	67.9	2655.0	84.2
M4D - M4SD 128	8.08	70.0	76.3	3009.0	95.5
M4D - M4SD 138	8.81	76.3	82.7	3292.0	104.5
M4C - M4SC 024	1.49	13.0	17.7	535.4	17.0
M4C - M4SC 027	1.72	14.8	19.5	619.5	19.7
M4C - M4SC 031	2.11	18.5	23.2	768.0	24.0
M4C - M4SC 043	2.84	24.6	29.3	1062.0	33.6
M4C - M4SC 055	3.59	31.2	36.0	1318.6	41.8
M4C - M4SC 067	4.34	37.5	42.3	1504.5	47.7
M4C - M4SC 075	4.89	42.3	47.0	1752.2	55.6



# **NOTES - M4\* SERIES**